THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—June 18.

Sun Rises	4.41 A M
Sun Sets	7.19 P M
Day's Length	14 h 38 m
High Water at Southport	3.26 P M
High Water at Wilmington	5.13 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., June 18.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 69°; 8 p. m., 70°; maximum, 78°; minimum, 62°; mean 70°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month up to date 2.20 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Increasing cloudiness; easterly winds.

For South Carolina: Increasing cloudiness, with showers; easterly winds.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

The rain all yesterday was heavy in the Alabama, Georgia, Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana districts, and light in the Texas and North Carolina districts. At Albany, Ga., 2.20 inches were reported; Thomasville, Ala., 1.80; Fort Deposit, Ala., 2.60; Jacksonville, Fla., 1.80. The temperature was lower, the average maximum ranging from 76 to 90 degrees.

OUTLINES.

The Southern Railway Association are waiting for reports of committees.

— Charles I. Armstrong, a mail carrier, has been arrested at Montgomery, Ala., charged with cutting open a through registered pouch and abstracting $10,000. —Several manufacturing companies in Cleveland, Ohio, have voluntarily increased the wages of their employes. — An incendiary fire at Greenville, Ohio, causes a loss of $225,000 — The Republican National Committee will probably meet in November this year instead of December.

— President Cleveland, accompanied by Private Secretary Thurber and Dr. R. M. O'Reilly, has gone to Gray Gables, Buzzard's Bay, Mass., to pass the rest of the Summer. — Judge Barrett is undecided whether to send Police Inspector McLaughlin, of New York City, to State's prison or the penitentiary. —

A party of men attacked United States deputymarshals in charge of distilleries in Chicago, but were driven off; none of the deputies were injured. — Chicago Grain and Provision Market. — Cotton Spots and Futures. — Record of the base ball games played yesterday.

— The nineteenth annual session of the National British Women's Temperance Association began in London yesterday. — A boiler explosion in a cotton compress at New Orleans kills one of the owners of the press and injures twelve persons. — The Governor of Georgia is in a critical condition; an operation for appendicitis having been performed on him. — The N. C. Teachers' Assembly met yesterday at Morehead City; a large attendance. — New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1 per cent., last loan at 1 per cent, and closing offered at 1 per cent; cotton quiet; middling gulf 7¼c: middling uplands 7¼c; Southern flour was dull and weak; common to fair extra $3.65@3.40; good to choice do $3.50@4.25; wheat—freely active for export and 1¼@2c lower No. 2 red in store and at elevator 76¾c; afloat 77¾c; corn dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 53¾c; afloat 54¼c; spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 29¼@30c; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1.55@1.57½.

There is one club in Paris in which solid men only are admitted. It is a serious business getting in there and no man ever makes light of it, for he must tip the scales at 220 pounds to get in.

The St. Louis, on her first trip across the ocean, made 18 knots an hour, which was not bad for her first run, when she was not trying to show speed or break records.

A convict confined in the insane department of the Kansas penitentiary respectfully asks to be hanged. He isn't quite sure whether he is crazy or not, but argues that if he is crazy he should be in an insane asylum, and if not crazy he should be hanged.

Tramps are becoming very numerous in some sections of the country and are giving the people in the rural districts a good deal of trouble. The tramp is not only a nuisance but his presence is a disgrace to the statesmanship that makes it possible.

A company of British troops at Windsor, Canada, recently refused to ride on a tug which carried the American flag. British troops never have liked the American flag, for they have never run up against it without being made to feel bad.

When a Charlotte man gets shrimp hungry he goes out, catches a lot of crawfish, boils 'em in salt water, shuts his eyes and imagines he is eating shrimps. This deception may do for the interior man, but there is one peculiar property of the shrimp that the crawfish can never acquire, and that no amount of boiling in salt water can ever impart to it.

A contemporary informs us that Governor Altgeld is striking for the U. S. Senate and also has his eye on the Presidential chair. There is nothing to prevent him from having his eye on it, but inasmuch as he was born on the other side of the salt pond that's about all he ever can get on it.

It is figured out that New Yorkers spend $6,500,000 for theatrical and other amusements, and that the American people spend about $26,000,000 ditto. This does not include what they spend in politics. Amusements come high, but the people must have 'em.

Mr. Carnegie is to have a rival iron maker. John D. Rockefeller and others will put up a gigantic steel plant for the manufacture of armor and all that sort of thing. It will take millions to do it, but Rockfeller and his associates have the millions.

Ex-Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, has his eye on Senator Peffer's seat in the Senate. Ingalls parts his hair in the middle, and Peffer doesn't part his beard at all. This is the main difference between them. They are both unique in their particular individuality.

Mr. Albert S. Moore, the false paper shover of that New York silk establishment, played it fine as silk and got away with about $150,000 of the money of various confiding banks. But he let the ravelled edges stick out and got caught.

Rich gold finds are reported in Oklahoma. The center of excitement now is a forty mile lode which has been discovered in the Boggy Creek section.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

N. H. QUINCE—Notice.
F. RHEINSTEIN & Co.—Notice.
BLADEN ST. CHURCH—Excursion.
MASONIC—Meeting Wilmington Lodge
C. E. GORDON—Plymouth Rock pants.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

WANTED—Salesman.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. R. H. Cowan, of Raleigh, is in the city.

— Mr. E. T. Pullen, of Rocky Point, is here visiting friends.

—Mr. A. W. McAlister, of Greensboro, is here on business.

— Mr. W. A. White and Miss Nora Norris, of Raleigh, were in the city yesterday.

— Capt. John H. Daniel, who has been quite sick for several days, was better yesterday.

— Messrs. W. L. Fuller, Smithfield; W. T. Hales, N. C.; Bruce Williams, Burgaw, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Attempts to Rob.

Sunday night adout 10 o'clock Police Officer Holmes, in making his rounds, discovered that the back door and window of Messrs. S. A. Schloss & Co's. crockery store had been forced open. The policeman had been there an hour before and found everything fast. He at once rapped for assistance and Officer Kuhl went for Mr. Schloss while Officer Holmes kept watch. On the arrival of Mr. Schloss the store was searched but it is supposed that the burglars had been frightened off. A half-hour later the back door of The Purcell was found open.

The police report that last Thursday night an attempt at robbery was made at the shoe store of Messrs. Mercer & Gaylord.

City Court.

Amelia Bradly, Henrietta Jones, and Mary Jane Bullard, (all colored) charged with gambling, were arraigned before Mayor Fishblate yesterday and each was required to give bond in the sum of $50 for appearance at the next term of the Superior Court. Failing to furnish bail they were committed to the county jail.

Seized by the Sheriff.

The cigar and tobacco store of Messrs. Kasprowicz & Gerken, North Front street, was closed yesterday by Sheriff Hewlette, who held executions against the firm in favor of Mrs. J. G. Oldenbuttel, Dr. G. G. Thomas and Mr. James S. Worth for $1,000, $1,200 and $725, respectively.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office

Dr. M. Schwab, the optician, informs the public that he will close his engagement at The Grton on Friday, June the 21st. All persons who have ordered glasses should call before that day. †

Snow white table linens, napkins, linen sheeting, sheeting, towels, and stamped linens down to zero to-day and to-day only. This line will be a feature at their establishment to-day. They want you there. Katz & Polvogt. †

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— There was 8.5 feet water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 a. m., Saturday; another rise was expected.

— Local forecast: Increasing cloudiness Tuesday; warmer; northerly, shifting to southerly winds.

— A special meeting of the Carolina Yacht Club is called for Monday next, June 24th, at 12.45 p. m., in the City Hall.

— The *News* says: The next court for Charlotte is the Criminal, which opens on the 24th, with Judge Meares on the bench.

— Mr. Fred Bolles has taken charge of the bath houses at Carolina Beach and will keep them open the remainder of the Summer.

— Mr. Geo. W. Yopp has opened the Atlas House at Ocean View for the Summer, and will entertain all who call with the best of everything.

— Announcement is made that the wholesale dry goods business heretofore carried on by F. Rheinstein & Co., in Wilmington will be conducted hereafter by The Rheinstein Dry Goods Company, a new corporation.

— Bladen Street Methodist Church will have an excursion to Carolina Beach and Southport to-morrow. Refreshments will be served on the boat, leaving at 9 a. m. and 3 p. m., and a very enjoyable day is expected. The committee who has the excursion in charge are Messrs. Reuben Grant, D. S. Sellers and Joe Keen.

The Seaside Club.

A meeting was held last night at the office of the Board of Audit and Finance by the gentlemen interested in erecting a new club house on Wrightsville Beach.

Mr. T. D. Meares was made chairman of the meeting. A committee, consisting of the Chairman, and Messrs. P. B. Manning, R. D. Crouly, G. A. Cardwell, and C. H. Robinson Jr., was appointed, and instructed to draft articles of incorporation, and procure a charter for the club which will be known as The Seaside Club.

The committee was also instructed to select and purchase a suitable lot for the erection of a club house, and procure plans and estimates for the same.

The membership fee was fixed at $10, and the annual dues at $8, which the committee is to collect at once. The membership of this club will be limited.

Benedicts vs. Bachelors.

Arrangements are progressing for the great game of ball between the Benedicts and Bachelors. Mr. E. C. Warren, the inimitable Ed has been engaged to umpire the game. He knows the game from Alpha to Omega and those ignorant are not expected to kick. The mule will do that. Every afternoon the Benedict boys go out to practice and are getting in fine shape. If Owen Love ever gets the chance he'll give the "slide Kelly slide" to the Queen's taste Trilby Lawson's arm is more or less glassy, so August Bill is getting on speaking acquaintance with his old time serpentine curves and will probably take the box in the third or fourth inning. He is simply irresistible, can't be touched.

Tickets are on sale at Johnson & Fore's, Katz & Polvogt, C. W. Yates, Divine & Chadbourn, E. C. Warren & Son, A. D. Brown, J. Hicks Bunting and James D. Nutt.

SAD ACCIDENT.

Three Fishermen Drowned Off Wrightsville Beach.

Three colored fishermen—Thomas Nixon, Hezekiah Mack and Ashley Peden—were drowned yesterday morning between six and seven o'clock off Inlet Point, on Wrightsville beach. Fred. Green, colored, another fisherman, who was in the boat with the men who were drowned, succeeded in reaching the shore in an exhausted condition. The other men could not swim. There was a heavy sea, which capsized the boat when about a mile out from the beach. The boat was afterwards blown ashore, bottom-up, but the bodies of the unfortunate men had not come ashore up to a late hour yesterday afternoon.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—18 casks spirits turpentine, 189 bbls rosin, 8 bbls tar, 26 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—42 casks spirits turpentine, 60 bbls rosin, 18 bbls tar, 27 bbls crude turpentine.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—17 casks spirits turpentine, 5 bbls tar.

Stmr Frank Sessoms—25 casks spirits turpentine, 148 bbls rosin, 26 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—78 casks spirits turpentine, 300 bbls rosin, 38 bbls tar,

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 170 casks; rosin, 630 bbls; tar, 95 bbls; crude turpentine, 58 bbls.

The Late Rev. B. H. W. Runge.

Funeral services over the remains of Rev. B. H. W. Runge were held Sunday evening at St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, conducted by Rev. K. Bolt. The church was crowded with sorrowing friends of the family. The casket bearing the remains was followed up the aisle by the Church Council. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. The interment was in the family burying ground at Oakdale cemetery. Pall bearers were Messrs. P. Heinsberger, Jr., J. H. Rehder, H. F. Otten, H. F. Haar, Aug. Zoeller and E. Schulken.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

THE WHARTON MEETINGS.

Opened Sunday Morning in the First Baptist Church—Large Congregations at Every Service—Many Penitents—Meetings Will Continue All This Week.

Dr. Wharton, the celebrated evangelist and revivalist, who arrived here Saturday night, opened his series of meetings to a large congregation Sunday morning.

He is a great expounder of God's word and touches the heart and impresses the minds of all who hear him. Sunday night his sermon was on the word "Mother," and the large church was crowded both down stairs and the galleries, and several benches were placed in the aisles. It was a touching sermon. At the conclusion several asked for prayer. The singing by the large choir was exceptionally good. Dr. Wharton concluded by asking the reporters of the press to invite all Christians to attend and aid in the work of saving sinners, it matters not to what church they belong.

The morning service yesterday was largely attended, the subject being, "Faith and a Christian's Feelings."

Last night Dr. Wharton preached to a large congregation, from the text: Luke, chap. 9, verse 57. "Lord, I will follow Thee whithersoever Thou goest." The theme was the characteristics of the true Christian—his belief in the essentials of religion, his courage to declare that belief and the will and purpose to remain consecrated to his high ideal. Devotion to duty is a prominent thought expressed in the text. It has the true ring and is characteristic of one whose life is consecrated to the fulfilment of the obligations of religion and morality. Courage and grit is essential to the true man. Courage to express convictions and maintain the faith regardless of criticism. And further, the will to determine to remain true to the obligations of religion. A wealth of anecdote enriched the elaboration of these propositions, now melting in their tenderness then sweeping across the gamut of the feelings to bring the twinkle to the eye and the smile to the lip, as the preacher sought to bring home to his auditors the great truths enunciated by him.

Dr. Wharton is a facile and easy speaker. A voice softly modulated and manner calculated to win the sympathy of his hearers. This done, the way to the heart is easy.

The services will continue this week, beginning at 8 a. m. and 8 p. m.

There was a large number of converts and applications for prayer at the meeting last night.

I. O. O. F.

Memorial Service Sunday Evening at Fifth Street M. E. Church.

Memorial service of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows for 1895 was held at Fifth Street Methodist Church Sunday night. The church was crowded and many turned away for lack of room.

Cape Fear, Wilmington, Orion, and Hanover Lodges met at 7:30 at Odd Fellows Hall on Third street and marched in a body to Fifth Street church under command of Chief Marshal Walker, of Cape Fear Lodge, and Assistant Marshals L. Tate Bowden, of Orion Lodge, J. T. King, of Wilmington Lodge, and W. H. Howell, of Hanover Lodge.

Prof. Washington Catlett, P. G., of Wilmington Lodge, read the proclamation and list of deaths during the current year, and then Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, P. G., of Oxford Lodge, 104, delivered a sermon to the brethren, with eloquence, and full of interest to those connected with lodges. His subject was "The friendship of Jonathan for David." I Samuel, eighteenth chapter, first verse: "The soul of Jonathan was knit with the soul of David, and Jonathan loved him as his own soul."

The singing by a special choir composed of Mr. C. H. Cooper and Dr. A. H. Harriss tenors, and C. H. Robinson, Jr., and H. K. Holden bass, under the supervision of Mr. J. W. Fleet, assisted by Organist Ed. H. Munson, was a special feature and added much to the services.

The committee of arrangements, as follows, deserve much credit for the management of the Memorial exercises: Messrs. J. W. Fleet, Cape Fear Lodge; F. B. Rice, Orion Lodge; J. M. McGowan, Wilmington Lodge, and B. W. Durham, Hanover Lodge.

Bicycle Accident.

Mr. W. T. Kinney, superintendent of the Wilmington Oil Mills, hurt his right arm and shoulder very badly while riding his wheel on Seventh and Chesnut streets Saturday evening, by running into an electric light post which stands in the middle of the street. He was riding very fast when his wheel struck a hole, throwing the bicycle against the post with much force. The bicycle was smashed and he was bruised considerably, especially his arm and shoulder, where he struck first.

The Fruit Fair.

A meeting of merchants interested in the Horticultural Fair being held here this Summer, was held at The Orton yesterday at twelve o'clock. Col. F. W. Kerchner, the chairman, being absent from the city, Mr. P. Pearsall was elected to fill that chair until he returned. After routine business, a letter from the Association was read. The only thing necessary to do now is to raise the required amount, $800.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Checked Nainsooks, India Linens, French Nainsooks and every line of white goods will be cut in price at Katz & Polvogt's to-day. We advise you to look up the sale. †

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

THE A. C. L. AND SOUTHERN TRAFFIC ARRANGEMENT.

It Will be of Great Advantage to Raleigh—The Drowning of W. C. Kerr—German Complimentary to Visiting Young Ladies from Wilmington—Blockade Whiskey Seized—Arrington Tribunal—The Chief Justice on a Jag.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., June 17.

I have just learned of a big railroad deal which is of great commercial value to Raleigh, as well as to the Southern Railway. My information comes on high authority, from a gentleman who is just from Norfolk, Va.

It is to the effect that the Southern Railway and the Atlantic Coast Line have made a traffic arrangement whereby the Southern will be allowed to run their trains over the Wilmington & Weldon from Selma to Tarboro, and the Norfolk & Carolina to Norfolk. I went to see Col. A. B. Andrews, who is Vice President of the Southern, and learned that he left for Norfolk last night over the Seaboard road. As is already known the Southern has arranged to enter Norfolk, and they have within the past few days purchased wharves and sites amounting in all to $500,000. They are said to have secured the most desirable in Norfolk.

By the deal with the Coast Line, the Southern will have a direct line from the Southern focus of steamboat lines on the North. Striking Greensboro with their main line, the Southern will pass by Raleigh on the North Carolina road to Selma; there, the Coast Line from Rocky Mount to Tarboro and then on to Norfolk, thus placing Raleigh on a direct line to the North.

What gives additional strength and color to this deal is the fact that Col. Andrews is in Norfolk and the two roads are known to have reached an agreement whereby both roads will be benefitted. This would throw all the freight trains which have been going by Danville and rail North on the short line by Raleigh to Norfolk. It will be a cheaper and shorter route for the southern, in addition to the manifold advantages to be derived. It may also mean the extension of the Albermarle & Raleigh from Spring Hope to Raleigh. Of course the passenger traffic will continue over the old line.

Willie Kerr, a young man about 38 years of age, who is a son of W. C. Kerr, once State Geologist, was drowned yesterday in his yacht near Baltimore. He lived in Raleigh a number of years and his remains will be brought here Saturday. Mr. Kerr was the inventor of the seamless sack. He received $50,000 for the patent on it.

In his health report for the year Dr. McKee will state that not a single negro died from typhoid fever in the year 1894.

Mr. W. S. Primrose, State agent of the N. C. Home Insurance Company, has been presented with a silver service by his insurance friends.

A german will be given this afternoon complimentary to the five young ladies from Wilmington who are visiting in the city. They are Misses Mary Polk Davis, Carey Davis, Julia Daggett, Mary Calder and Sarah Kenan. The young ladies are great favorites in the city and the young gentlemen gave the german in compliment to them to remain over a day longer.

Mr. S. F. Green, who has been carder in the Raleigh Cotton Mills, has resigned his position to take charge of the Barnsville, Georgia, mills. The employes of the Raleigh mills presented Mr. Green with a handsome gold watch and chain and an elegant friar pipe as a manifestation of their esteem and regard.

Mr. J. S. Pescud, the pharmacist, was severely burned about the hands last night while extinguishing flames which had enveloped his child's dress. The child was not injured.

Deputy Collector Moffatt captured a wagon load of blockade whiskey on the public road in Guilford county. The wagon and contents were the property of David Johnson.

Large crowds left for Morehead City to-day.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Justice Phillips and Bryan, of the Arrington court, failed to arrive to-day. Six witnesses are here, including Mrs. Arrington, her husband, and the Clerk of the Court. Others are coming to-morrow. Chief Justice Campbell inaugurated his judicial jag to-day by getting tight.

Gov. Carr makes requisition on the Governor of South Carolina for Daniel Carmichael, under arrest at Marion. Carmichael is from Robeson county and is charged with false and fraudulent representation in horse trading.

State Printer Stewart has deposited several copies of the laws with the Secretary of State.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKETS.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 17.—Huckleberries fairly active. Blackberries of irregular quality. Peaches mostly under choice. Receipts of watermelons, forty-six car loads; demand very moderate. Muskmelons in demand for fancy. Beans in moderate receipt and firm. Other vegetables in large receipt and freely offered, with the outlook moderate. Muskmelons—Florida, per barrel, $1.50 to 3.50. Cherries, per pound, 2 to 8 cents. Blackberries—North Carolina, per quart, 10 to 18 cents. Gooseberries, prime, per quart, 4 to 5 cents. Peaches—Georgia, carrier, 75c to $3.00; ditto North and South Carolina ditto, $1.50 to 2.25. Plums—Georgia, beach, carrier, $1.00 to 1.50. Georgia, wild goose plums, ditto, $3.50 to 3.00; ditto, crate, $1.00 to 1.35. Watermelons—Florida, per hundred, $15.00 to 35.00. Beets—Per barrel crate, $1.00 to 2.00. Cukes—Charleston, per basket, 75c to $1.00; ditto, Savannah, 50 to 90 cents. Cabbages—Norfolk, per barrel crate, 50c to $1.00. Peas—Eastern shore, per basket, 30 to 50 cents; ditto, Maryland, 40 to 50 cents; ditto, Norfolk, 30 to 50 cents. Egg plant—Florida, per half barrel, $2.00 to 3.50. Onions—Virginia and Maryland potatoes, per basket, $1.25 to 1.50. Potatoes—Rose, $2.00 to 3.50; ditto, Chili red, $2.00 to 3.25; ditto, white, $2.75 to 3.00; ditto, poor to fair, $1.50 to 2.00; ditto, seconds, $1.25 to 1.75; ditto, culls, 75c to $2.00. Stringbeans—North Carolina wax, per basket, 75c to $1.75; ditto green, 50c to $1.50; ditto, Norfolk wax, $1.75 to 2.75; ditto, green, $1.50 to 2.75. Squash—Florida marrow, per crate, $1.00 to 1.25. Tomatoes—Florida, choice carrier, 75 cents; ditto, common, 50 to 60 cents.

Why, what's in the wind? The great linen and white goods sale at Katz & Polvogt's takes place to-day. Will you be there? No. Well, lots of your friends will be. †

THE CORBETT-FITZ FIGHT.

It Will Take Place in Dallas, Texas, October 31st Next.

CHICAGO, ILL., June 15.—Daniel Stewart reached Chicago last evening from New York, whither he had been to arrange for the championship battle between Jim Corbett and Bob Fitzsimmons, and is now on his way to Dallas, Texas, to arrange for the building of a mammoth amphitheater in which the men will settle the question of fistic superiority.

"The Florida Athletic Club has simply been transferred to Dallas," Stewart said. "I met the parties in New York with a plain business proposition. I produced a copy of the Texas statutes, showing that there is no law in the State against bringing off a meeting between Corbett and Fitzsimmons. I told them if the Florida Athletic Club was transferred to Dallas, I must be elected president and treasurer of the club. Dwyer, Vendig and Friend thought this over, and the result is that I was elected president and treasurer of the Florida Athletic Club, and the club is transferred to Dallas.

"I am now on my way to Dallas to begin the construction of the amphitheatre in which the fight will take place. It will be a mammoth structure, built in octagonal shape. There will be four entrances from the cardinal points of the building. The seating capacity will be 40,000. There will be 350 boxes, with chairs in each. The prices for the boxes have not been determined, but the admission will be $10, with reserved seats $20.

"During the week in which the fight will take place there will be a fair in Dallas, and to this there will be excursion rates from all the surrounding country. I have secured a cheap rate from Eastern lines, which I believe has never before been secured for a similar event.

"Corbett and Fitzsimmons will meet on Thursday, October 31. There will be one other contest, probably between Dixon and Plimmer. There will be no carnival of four nights. The mill between the little men will probably take place the second day preceding the Corbett-Fitzsimmons battle."

Fire at Prong, N. C.

A correspondent of the STAR writes that Mr. W. D. Wooten's store at Prong, Columbus county, was set on fire Sunday morning last about 2 o'clock, and the building with its contents, including the postoffice, destroyed. During the fire a keg of gunpowder in the store exploded, tearing it to pieces. The loss is estimated at $1,000.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M.

BRETHREN—Regular monthly communication this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.
Je 18 1t H. G. FENNELL, Secretary.

Excursion

TO CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT

to-morrow (Wednesday) June 19th, 1895. Given by the Bladen Street M. E. Church South. Boat leaves at 9 a. m. and 3 p. m. Refreshments served on board. Everybody should go. june 18 1t

Notice.

BY REQUEST OF A CONSTITUTIONAL number of members a special meeting of the Carolina Yacht Club is called for Monday, June 24th, at 12.45 p. m., at the City Hall, for the purpose of voting upon a reduction of the initiation fee.
N. H. QUINCE, Purser.
G. W. KIDDER, Commodore. je 18 1t

Notice.

WE, the Intelligence Bureau Agency, respectfully invite the ladies of the city of Wilmington to call on us at our new building, and get the help you are in need of, and stop the plan of hunting for your help, when we furnish them free of charge until you are suited. So send to us—25 cents will give you just what you want. R. B. REARDON,
June 14 tf No. 13 South Second street.

Steamer Wilmington,

ON AND AFTER JUNE 13th leaves for Southport and Carolina Beach at 9 a. m and 9 p. m. Leaves Southport 12.30 and 5.30 p. m. Leaves Carolina Beach 1.30 and 6.30 daily, except Sunday. Leaves Wilmington Sunday 10 a. m. Leaves Southport 5 p. m., Beach 6 p. m. Fare to Beach 50c; round trip 35c on 3 p. m. trip. Twelve round trips $3.50, good on any trip.
June 9 tf J. W. HARPER.

Notice.

THE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS AND NOTION business heretofore carried on by F. Rheinstein & Co., will hereafter be conducted by The Rheinstein Dry Goods Company, a corporation just organized.

All persons who are indebted to the firm of F. Rheinstein & Co., will please make payment to the said Rheinstein Dry Goods Company.

We ask for the new corporation a continuance of the same patronage that has been extended to us in the past.

Very respectfully,
F. RHEINSTEIN & Co's,
F. RHEINSTEIN,
L. BLUMENTHAL.
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 17th, 1895. je 17 3t

Flour.

500 barrels and bags best Flour.
400 bbls and bags medium Flour.
300 bbls and bags Family Flour.
25 bbls Patent Flour.
15 bags good Coffee.
15 bags medium Coffee.
5 bags common Coffee.

Bottom prices on all goods in heavy grocery line.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
225 North Water Street.
June 16 tf DAW Wilmington, N. C.

Cash Paid

—FOR—

Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

30 Cents Per Pound

For it in Boston, and no charge for Commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
Boston, Mass.
may 28 tf Office and Warehouse, 36 Central Wharf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Yes, it's time to order your Summer outfit, and in matters of dress the first commandment is, never put off for to-morrow what ought to be done to day. The time to order is now, and the place, well, you won't have any doubt upon this point if you just step in and look over our stock of Summer Suitings and furthermore, see what high class tailoring really means as illustrated and exemplified in the made to order suits which we are producing for the most stylishly dressed men in town, at from $12.50 to $15.00 each.

POPULAR

PLYMOUTH ROCK

PANTS

AT $3.00.

Gent's Bath Suits $1.00 and $2.50.
Ladies' Bath Suits $2.00 and $2.50.
Bicycle Pants $2.50.
All-wool Sweaters at $2.75.
Give me a call. I want your trade.

C. E. GORDON,

Front and Market street,
Wilmington, N. C.
June 18 tf

EVERYTHING REQUIRED

To supply a first class table is always found in our stock of staple and fancy groceries. Housekeepers in Wilmington fancy our goods, and we may add that they also fancy our prices. We don't wonder at that because it's exceedingly pleasant to find high quality and low prices brought together. We keep 'em together and that keeps our trade brisk. Come to the dollar saver's Mecca for your groceries. You'll fare best if you make your bill of fare more than fair by purchasing your groceries from our aggregation of everything in the line of Choice Table Supplies.

DOZIER & LEE.

my 28 tf

The Happy Boy

Is the boy with a new pair of our comfortably-fitting Shoes. The older folks are equally well pleased with the fitting and wearing qualities of our Shoes—neat, easy to the foot, shapely and trim to the eye, satisfactory in wear and satisfactory in price. If you haven't tried them, call in and let us fit you. We have any style or kind you desire, and at any price.

Geo. R. French & Sons,
108 North Front St.,
Opposite Orton House.
my 26 tf

Bachelors vs. Benedicts.

Base Ball.

—AT—

Hilton Park Friday, June 21st, 1895. For the benefit of the Shelter of the Silver Cross. See local.
Je 16 5t.

A New Drink.

Trilby Cocktails,
AT
The French Cafe
A. P. LEVY, Proprietor.
June 1 tf

NOW OPEN.

MR. AND MRS. H. A. KURE ARE NOW to be found at her "Big Cottage on the Beach," with a first-class Boarding House at Carolina Beach. Meals and Lunch can be had at all hours. Rooms to rent, furnished or unfurnished, by day, week or season. For terms, call or write to H. A. Kure, Carolina Beach, N. C.

In connection with above, about two squares from Carnegie, I also will have an horseshoer, charge of the Carolina Beach Club, where the usual sport can be had.
June 2 tf HANS A. KURE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Each Day

OF THE

COMING WEEK

DEVOTED TO A

SPECIAL SALE.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

116 Market Street.

Monday,

Dress Goods and Silks.

Tuesday,

White Goods and Linens.

Wednesday,

Domestics and Mattings.

Thursday,

Wash Fabrics.

Friday Morning,

Closed at 1 P. M.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR and SHIRT WAISTS.

Saturday,

NOTIONS, VEILINGS, GLOVES and GENT'S FURNISHINGS.

The prices on lines advertised will be down to manufacturer's cost.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

116 Market st., Wilmington, N. C.,

Live Dry Goods Dealers.
june 16 tf

The Best Place

—FOR—

BARGAINS

IS AT

J. H. Rehder & Co.'s,

Fourth Street Bridge.

Largest

Department Store

In the city.

Car fare paid on all purchases over Two Dollars.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Phone 118. June 9 tf

Carolina Beach.

Mrs. W. E. Mayo

Takes pleasure in announcing to her friends and the public generally that she has leased the

Hotel Oceanic,

For the season, and will open it on

Monday, June 10th,

Everything usually found at a first-class Seaside Resort will be found at the Oceanic.

MRS. W. E. MAYO.
June 8 1w (All city dailies copy.)

Do You Ever Feel

SOMETIMES THAT IF SO AND SO FIXES up anything for you, or if you buy it at So and So' its all right? Well there is something in that. We have enjoyed the confidence of the people for a long time, and we have yet to know of a single case where we did not give entire satisfaction—(Everything being even, you know). We sell Medicines—Pure and Unadulterated.

JAS. D. NUTT,
The Druggist.
Je 16 tf

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 71. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 18, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,777

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST
DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 for three months. Delivered to any subscriber at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 25 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY, MORNING, JUNE 18, 1895

SHALL THE FEW DECIDE IT?

An Eastern "sound money" paper speaking of the recent free silver convention at Memphis, remarked that it differed from the previous "sound money" convention in being composed of "politicians" and "farmers," while the "sound money" convention was composed of representative "business" men. This is not exactly a true statement of the case, for the politician figured quite as much in the "sound money" as he did in the "free silver" convention, so that in this respect they are both on a level. But is it an objection to either that the politician figured in it? Is there any great question discussed in this country in the discussion of which the politician does not take a leading part, and in which he is not expected to take a leading part? What convention was ever held to consider questions of an economic nature that the politician did not figure, and to which the politician was not sent? It is perfectly natural that on a subject like the finances in which everybody is interested, and on which parties differ politicians should take a conspicuous part in the conventions called to consider the policies which should prevail, and it is simply silly to try to belittle a convention on account of their presence. There were in both of those conventions "politicians" distinguished for their ability, men who have given much and deep study to the financial question, and it is simply a gratuitous assumption (by inference at least) that the politicians who were present at the former convention were brought there by disinterested, patriotic motives, while those who were present at the latter were actuated by selfish, demagogic motives.

It may be admitted that the rank and file of the two conventions differed somewhat and that there more "farmers" in one and more 'business' men in the other. But we would like to know by what right the distinction is here drawn between 'farmers' and 'business' men. Are not farmers business men? Do they not conduct the greatest business in this country, in any country, and the business on which all other businesses of the country depend for their prosperity and life? Is the man who sells wheat, corn, and oats, any more of a 'business' man than the man who produces the wheat and corn and oats and sells them to him? Is the man who stands behind the counter and sells cotton goods, or woollen goods any more of a business man than the man who supplies the cotton or the wool out of which these goods are made? In point of numbers the farmers of this country outnumber three to one the men of any other calling, and as a rule the intelligence of some of the other callings may be of a high order, on the average, than that on the farm, but this does not argue that there are not among the farmers men of as high order of intelligence as are found in any other calling in the land, and men as competent to deal with questions of public policy as men of any other calling are, and there are no men in this country more interested in the proper solution of this question than the farmers, who would be the most benefitted by a good financial system and the most injured by a bad one.

If no men in this country were competent to deal with the money question but those whom the paper to which we refer classes as "business" men then perhaps it might be conceded that they alone should decide it, and if this were the case it wouldn't be worth while to have any public discussions of such questions, but simply call a convention of "business" men, bankers, stock brokers, merchants, &c., let them decide and then let Congress enact such law or laws as they might suggest or dictate. That might be an easy way of disposing of vexatious questions, but it isn't the way we have been in the habit of doing in this country, and it isn't quite as democratic a way as we have been accustomed to. If we were to act on that assumption or on that principle we would have saved a good deal of agitation and writing and talking and speaking on the tariff question if we had let the manufacturers get together and fix up the tariff system for us, because, of course, they ought to know more about the tariff than farmers and wage-earners do. The Republicans, who had been making the tariffs for about thirty years acted on that assumption, and accordingly let the manufacturers dictate the kind of tariffs they would have, and the consequence was the people of this country had to pay an enormous tribute to them to "protect" them from the "pauper labor" of Europe, and it was not until after many years of agitation by the people, who assumed that they knew something about the tariff, and should have something to say about it, that that monstrous system of tribute to a favored class was broken up. There is no more reason why the bankers and others interested in dealing in money should be alone consulted in the kind of monetary system we should have, than there was in letting the manufacturers decide on what kind of a tariff system we should have.

MINOR MENTION.

Hon. James A. Lockhart, member of Congress from this district, was interviewed on the silver question while in Washington by the *Post* and is thus quoted:

"Personally I favor the free and unlimited coinage of silver, but it occurs to me that the issue is one that can be solved in a spirit of moderation and without the disruption of party ties. Too many gold men are fond of asserting that the silver people are fools, and too many of the latter are inclined to call the gold advocates knaves. I think the question of enough dignity to admit of settlement on the higher plane of reason and argument. So far as North Carolina is concerned our people are largely in favor of free coinage at the present ratio, and they do not see why the United States should hesitate to take the initiative, since everybody can see that the European countries will do nothing to rehabilitate the metal."

There is good, hard sense in this. Individually Mr. Lockhart is for the unlimited coinage of silver, as thousands of other Democrats are, but he recognizes the fact that this is a question on which individuals must yield something and make concessions for the sake of harmony and the public good. There is nothing surer under the sun than that this question must be settled by compromise within the Democratic party if the Democratic party is to hold together and enter the next Presidential contest with any hope of success. If the gold men insist on their views and are willing to yield nothing and the free silver men insist on theirs and are willing to yield nothing, it means two factions of the Democratic party, with two so called Democratic tickets in the field, and that means defeat for both. There *is* a ground on which both can meet without sacrificing anything and that is on limited coinage, independent of any international action. We would thus rehabilitate silver and give the world to understand that we intended to stand by it and recognize it as a money metal. After we had tried limited coinage and found that it worked well, then if the indications favored that policy we might proceed to unlimited coinage.

* * *

Germany has good cause to feel nettled on discoverihg how she has been made a catspaw of by Russia in the Eastern question. Germany had very little at stake and it isn't easy to understand why she should have been pursuaded to join Russia in bull-dozing Japan out of the legitimate fruits of her victory over China, but she did, and now she has the mortification of discovering that Russia was playing an underhand game all the time and quietly securing concessions from both Japan and China, and strengthening her grip on that side, while Germany was made the confiding tool to help her do it and reaped no benefit whatever. The fact is Russia has been playing a double game ever since the trouble began between China and Japan, and we have no doubt whatever that she encouraged China to go to war with Japan, and furnished her with money as it is now said she did, and it is more than likely that if the bottom hadn't fallen out so soon, she would when she could have made terms to suit her, backed up these loans with loans of men and arms. She has played a cunning game on China and Japan and also on her European allies.

Hon. Chauncey M. Depew says his speeches do not give him satisfaction because he delivers so many that he hasn't time to write them and give them the amount of thought and study they should have. He could obviate this by delivering about one speech in seven years, or hiring some of those smart fellows who write speeches for United States Senators.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use: that he would not be without if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Newbern *Journal*: Mr. John Hall, who was up to Kinston a few days ago, informs us that while there he saw a horned frog in alcohol at the store of Mr. Henry Dunn. Mr. Dunn informed Mr. Hall that the frog neither ate nor drank from the time he received him until he died. He lived on air for ten months. How long a time previously he was fasting is not known.

—Oxford *Ledger*: Mr. Herbert Gregory, of Stovall, has two small pigs, three months old, that have become pets of one of his milch cows that has no calf. When the cow lies down in the lot the pigs run to her and commence sucking. She has become very much attached to the pigs and seems to think the world of them. The pigs have gotten so now that they will run around the cow until she lies down and lets them appease their hunger.

—Statesville *Landmark*: Early Monday morning a strange dog appeared at the home of Mr. W. Y. Hair, near Elmwood, and attacked his son Arthur, aged 11, cutting two severe gashes on his left cheek. After the dog had bitten the boy it went away. It is supposed that it was affected by hydrophobia. Mr. Hair brought his little son to town and the mad stone of Mr. C. W. Kestler, on deposit at this office, was applied to the wounds and adhered for about four hours.

—Rutherford *Democrat*: Mr. John L. Wallace, a well-known young farmer living two miles northeast of town, committed suicide by hanging early yesterday morning. He got up about 5 o'clock and left the house without speaking to his wife. At 8 o'clock he had not returned and search was made for him. He was found hanging by a plow line from the limb of a tree, dead. —— Mose Jones, a prominent negro of this place, was put in jail Tuesday night on a horrible charge. At his trial before Mayor Miller Wednesday, his fourteen-year old daughter testified that she was *en cinente* by her father; that he forced her to submit by beating her unmercifully, and that this unnatural intimacy had been going on for some time. Jones swore that he was innocent and that there was a conspiracy against him. An older daughter of Jones' left here some time ago and has not returned, and it is now thought that she was sent away in order to hide the evidence of a similar crime. Jones was committed to jail without bail.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—The feeling that the silver craze had died out in the South disappears in the light of the enthusiasm at the Memphis free silver gathering. —*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, Rep.*

—The resolutions in favor of the repeal of the State bank tax, which were adopted unanimously at the Georgia Bankers' Convention yesterday, express the sentiment of the people of this State, and voice a demand which is very general throughout the country.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—The action taken by the Georgia bankers in ther convention at Brunswick day before yesterday indicates what will probably be proposed as a compromise measure on this subject. In a word the bankers of this country, whilst declaring that that the free coinage of silver (16 to 1) would be ruinous, nevertheless are willing to support a new banking system, to be placed under needful restrictions and to supply a local currency which even coined silver might not be able to supply. The old Democratic doctrine was that the banks should be divorced from the Government.—*Richmond State, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS

—A blind begger stationed near the Chateau d'Eau exhibited a card inscribed as follows: "Kind, charitable souls, don't be ashamed of giving me only a half- penny; I am blind—*Le Petit Parisienne.*

—Butcher—Will you have a round steak, miss?

Young Housekeeper—Oh, I don't care what shape it is, so it's tender.—*Detroit Free Press.*

—Miss Wellalong—I think I made quite a sensation in my antique costume at the levee last evening.

Miss Marketmade—Oh, decidedly. Everybody exclaimed. "How appropriate."—*Transcript.*

—"Miss Ancient appears very cold and indifferent to men, although they say in years gone by she was engaged several times."

"Yes; she is a souvenir spoon."—*Truth.*

Russia was the "land of Russ," a Tartar tribe that established a footing in the northern part of Europe soon after the beginning of the Christian era.

The soldiers in the Assyrian army wore a sort of breeches reaching down to the knee.

In Corinth about the time of Christ 20 figs brought 2 cents.

Picot of Mirandola spoke well 22 different languages.

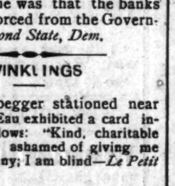
Weak, Irritable, Tired

"I Was No Good on Earth."

Dr. Miles' Nervine strengthens the weak, builds up the broken down constitution, and permanently cures every kind of nervous disease.

"About one year ago I was afflicted with nervousness, sleeplessness, Creeping sensation in my legs, Slight palpitation of my heart, Distracting confusion of the mind, Serious loss or lapse of memory. Weighted down with care and worry. I completely lost appetite And felt my vitality wearing out, I was weak, irritable and tired, My weight was reduced to 100 lbs., In fact I was no good, on earth.

I tried brought me Dr. Miles' book, "New and Startling Facts," and I finally decide to try a bottle of Dr. MILES' Restorative Nervine. Before I had taken one bottle I could sleep as well as a 10-yr.-old boy. My appetite returned greatly increased.



When I had taken the sixth bottle My weight increased to 176 lbs., The sensation in my legs was gone; My nerves steadied completely; My memory was fully restored. My brain cleared as never before. I felt as good as any man on earth. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is A great medicine, I assure you."

Augusta, Me. WALTER R. BURBANK.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. Cure All Pain. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists. June 15 1y su tu th change

PREY OF PEDDLERS.

SOUTHERN DARKIES VICTIMIZED BY WILY "SALESMEN."

Mortgaging Everything on the Place For a Fancy Clock—Mules and One Armed Rocking Chairs Taken as Security. Charged Extravagant Prices.

A clock seems to the average American citizen a commonplace, everyday affair, an institution that he would miss certainly if deprived of its warning signals, but which it would never occur to him to make sacrifices to obtain. To the plantation backwoods darky, who has been wont for long years to tell the time pretty accurately by the sun, as his father did before him, a clock is regarded as a sort of idol, a priceless possession to obtain which he would mortgage the very bed on which he sleeps or the cow upon which he depends for sustenance. Certain astute and enterprising clock dealers have discovered this fad, this foible of the backwoods darky, have taken advantage of their discovery and have made a lot of money out of it.

It is now a regular business. One man is placed in charge of a large territory, say three or four counties. He hires a number of subordinates, furnishes each with a buggy or road cart and sends them out into the country to traverse remote pine woods lanes and "neighborhood" roads in the most sequestered regions in search of customers. The soliciting agents go round in the spring when the seed is being put into the ground, when the world looks its best and when the financial outlook seems most promising to the improvident negro, who has wiped out all his last year's debts (from sheer inability to pay them) and has begun over afresh. These clocks are large, tall, imposing. There is a great deal of newness and shininess about them and some gilt. Those who know calculate that they are worth from $3 to $4. They are sold to the negroes for $13 or $14, to be paid for in the fall when the crop is gathered, but before they are set up on the clumsy shelf over the big fireplace in the dingy cabin the buyer must sign his name (or his cross mark if he cannot write) to a certain paper which the agent draws up for the negro's approval and his own advantage. The agent takes an inventory of the buyer's possessions. If he owns a mule yet unmortgaged to the owner of the land he is planting or to the storekeeper who has agreed to supply him with groceries during the summer (groceries in this instance being largely interpreted as bacon, flour, sugar and molasses), the clock man will take a mortgage on the mule, or if the buyer possesses a cow or hog he will take a mortgage on the cow or hog; but, failing these large and easily traced possessions, the agent is quite willing to accept bedsteads and mattresses, feather beds, hide bottomed chairs, pitchers, even teacups and saucers of the commonest variety, as security. He drives away pleased at having made a sale, leaving his customer overcome with delight at his new possession, which is the observed of all observers when neighbors come in, and its constant ticking and ability to strike with loudness and abandon is a source of oft recurring pleasure.

On one of these papers which the clock dealer held and which was bought by a land owner in order to prevent a worthy colored woman on his place from having to give up all her scanty store of worldly possessions the writer saw among the articles enumerated "one rocking chair, with the arm off, given to me by Miss Anna Davis; one glass pitcher, bought from Mrs. Warren Heed; a feather bed and two quilts, one a log cabin pattern and the other odd pieces; one photograph album, one Plymouth Rock rooster," and had the landlord not paid the $10 yet due on her elaborate clock the good woman would have seen her domestic valuables sold to some fortunate farmer's wife for a little cotton or corn and been left with nothing to comfort her during the dreary winter nights, when chill airs blew through the chinks and knotholes of her cabin, but to keep the tawdry, glass faced clock up against the clay chimney. In one instance a cow which had plowed the crop and at the same time furnished milk for the family was sacrificed for a clock. The owners of these showy timepieces can judge the hour accurately by the sun mark they are accustomed to notice on the floor of their house. When the patch of sunlight reaches a certain uneven place or perhaps a notch in a plank of the floor, they know that it is 12 o'clock, and so on. They do not know the significance of the letters on the white face of their much prized ornament or the meaning of the little slender hands going round and round, but the clocks have one superlative charm in the eyes, or rather the ears, of their owners. They can strike with extraordinary harshness and loudness, and when this startling sound is heard resounding through the two bare rooms of his house the listener feels that he has a new claim to respectability. It was this charming attribute of the tall clock which induced the worthy "auntie" to mortgage all her comforts and necessities for its possession.

The average plantation darky makes between 30 and 40 cents a day during the months that he works. His wife, if she is smart and industrious, can earn this amount also part of the time. During the cotton picking season they can make 50 cents a day and oftimes more. As a rule, they have a great many children, who work in the "side crop" planted near the house, but who are unable to add much to the income of the family. It is plain, then, that they have little if any money to spend for anything that is not strictly a necessity, yet the agents and peddlers who persecute them to buy their wares do a fairly good business among them.—New York Tribune.

City Men March Well.

The objection is raised to the suggested substitution of long marches for camp work in the long annual tour of militia duty that the companies made up of clerks in our city stores would be at a disadvantage inasmuch as the men could not sustain the severe exertion. The experiences of the war of the rebellion did not show this, however. The wan looking young men from the city stores marched all around the hardy countrymen and thought no more of a stretch of 20 miles than the latter did of two.—Boston Transcript.

Desperate Measures.

"I see by the paper," said Mrs. Cass Avenue, "that there was a robbery last night at the Golightlys. It says the robbers cleaned the house out."

"Happy Golightly!" said Mr. Cass Avenue. "I wish they would come here."

"I should like to know why?" said his wife.

"The housecleaning would be done then," answered the unhappy man.—Detroit Free Press.

BLOND HEROES GONE.

Novelists Complain That Modern Young Men Are Dark Haired.

Where has the fair haired laddie gone? A lady novelist, writing to a contemporary, complains that the golden haired youth is fast becoming extinct, and that heroes of fiction, to be true to nature up to date, must be endowed with dark looks.

It was but a week or two ago that I commented on the discovery, made by an observant schoolmaster, that red haired boys were now comparatively rare, so we are presumably reaching an era when the Saxon type of man will no longer exist.

This is regrettable from a picturesque point of view, but there seems little reason why the novelist should be exercised by the disappearance of the blond male from our midst. It is my firm opinion that if the matter could be put to the vote it would be found that the majority of girls —who are of course the largest consumers of fiction—prefer the hero with soft, "doggy" brown eyes and blue black hair to the insipid flaxen polled and blue eyed lover.

But in any case there is no reason why the novelist should not give his or her readers what they like, and if fair haired men really are so scarce and really are admired it will be all the more agreeable to meet with them in fiction instead of commonplace dark man such as one encounters in real life.—Lady's Pictorial.

That oily and rough skin cured, and the face and hands beautified by Johnson's Oriental Soap; medicated and highly perfumed. J. H. BUNTING, J. H. HARDIN. †

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

WHAT ENGLISH DOCTORS EARN.

A List Which Shows That Positions at $500 a Year Are Eagerly Sought.

Dr. George F. Shrady recently wrote an article about the earnings of physicians and surgeons in this city which excited some discussion in England because of the figures quoted. It appeared from these criticisms that English doctors in the best practice do not, with a few notable exceptions, earn anything like such large sums as their New York brethren, while the difficulties in the way of establishing a practice are much greater in England than they are here.

A flood of light is thrown upon this subject by a list of "vacancies" published in a recent number of the London Lancet, which shows that after the years of study and the large sums of money devoted to acquiring a medical education the practitioner may reach middle life before being able to support himself from his profession, and is often glad to accept positions where the pay is smaller than that of domestic servants.

These were some of the items in the list of "vacancies:"

Cancer Hospital (free), Fulham road, S. W.—House surgeon for six months. Salary at the rate of £50 per annum, with board and residence.

Central London Ophthalmic Hospital, 238 A Gray's Inn road, W. C. —House surgeon. Rooms, coals and light provided.

Guest Hospital, Dudley.—Resident medical officer. Salary commencing at £100 per annum, increasing by £10 a year to £120 if services are satisfactory, with board, residence and washing.

Hospital for Diseases of the Throat, Golden Square, London, W. —Registrar and pathologist for six months. An honorarium at the rate of 25 guineas a year.

Northeastern Hospital For Children, Hackney Road, Shoreditch, N. E.—Junior house physician for six months. Board and lodging, including washing, provided.

Parish of Ronsay and Egilshay, Orkney.—Resident medical officer. Salary £51 per annum.

Royal South London Dispensary. —Surgeon in ordinary to visit patients at their own homes in the Waterloo district. Honorarium £20 per annum.

Salford Royal Hospital.—House surgeon. Salary £100 per annum, with board and residence.

Wirral Children's Hospital, Woodchurch road, Birkenhead.—Resident house surgeon (lady or gentleman). Salary £50 per annum, with board, lodging on the premises and washing.

Only thoroughly qualified physicians or surgeons could secure the positions here described, and each of them would find many competitors eager to do the work, even at these unremunerative rates. A first class medical education cannot be received in Great Britain save at a great outlay of money. After graduation the young practitioner must serve a long term in a sort of apprenticeship, not only without pay, but secured by the deposit of a heavy premium.

From the foregoing list it will be seen that well established hospitals do not hesitate to give their house surgeon only "rooms, coals and light" for his services, without a cent of pay. Presumably he must board himself. The highest salary paid, according to this list, is but $600 per year, and that only after two years' services.

The same number of this English medical journal contains many advertisements of physicians who offer to sell out their practice before retiring, some of whom ask the receipts of several years as the purchase price. One man in London makes a specialty of buying and selling the established practice of physicians.—New York World.

A Little Dry, But—

The Rev. Mr. Psalmjones was not feeling as well as usual, the church was cold, and some of the big boys near the door undertook to enliven matters by coughing in chorus and throwing in now and then a startling imitation of a sneeze. The preacher stood it patiently a few minutes, and then paused in his discourse long enough to say: "If I hear any more of that noise back there, young men, I'll walk you out of this building, one by one, or all in a bunch. I ain't very particular which. I've had dealings with fellows of your stripe dozens of times, and I know how to manage 'em. Now, you quiet down mighty quick or there'll be trouble." A deathlike stillness pervaded the church. He waited a moment to let it take effect. "I know I'm a little dry this morning, brethren," he said, "but I'm not so dry that anybody can rattle me. The text says in the third place"—etc.—Chicago Tribune.

An Automatic Buoy.

At the yachting exhibition in London there was shown a "combined ship's buoy." It is carried on deck, and when the ship sinks it floats and records at once the hour and minute of the disaster. It then automatically fires rockets, burns blue lights, shows a lamp and rings a bell.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind. †

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

This is It

Cottolene is clean, delicate, wholesome, appetizing and economical. It is so good that it is taking the place of all other shortenings. Be sure and get the genuine with trade mark—steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every pail.

Made only by

The N. K. Fairbank Company,

ST. LOUIS and CHICAGO.

nov 6 tf tu th su change

PHYSIC WITH YOUR PIE.

The "Food Cure" Is the Very Latest Idea of English Doctors.

The "food cure" is a comparatively new idea, introduced into England by several physicians of advanced ideas, who boldly advance the proposition that they can cure ordinary human ills by dieting and without the use of medicines. They claim that certain foods contain all the elements necessary to effect cures; that they have made up a list which embraces tonics, febrifuges, diuretics, and, in fact, every medicinal agent that is defined in the pharmacopœia. These foods are of the simplest character, but the English doctors do not disclose them, except to their patients. They say that in the course of ten years, there will not be one-third the medicine used that is used today, and they point out the fact that the sale of quinine and all antipyretics has decreased in the last five years to a remarkable degree.

"There is a good deal of common sense in the idea," said a physician who had heard of the new departure, "and it may take if doctors generally will go into it, but I fear that the great majority who have women patients will not. Why? Well, you might convince a man that he was getting sufficient iron for his system when he was eating beef, or that if he needed starch he could get it from bread instead of from pills, but you couldn't do that with a woman. They do not reason that way. I am speaking especially of patients slightly hypochondriachal when I say they would reject such treatment immediately, but as a general thing you can apply the rule to all womankind.

"Advice as to exercise or diet is generally lost. The average woman wants to take medicine, and if it is very disagreeable she imagines it is very efficacious. She gradually gets a mania for pills and potions, and takes delight in dosing everybody who will submit. Now if a doctor has a paying patient and he can readily help her condition by giving her bread pills with a hypnotic suggestion, I think it is his duty to do so, and collect his fee. He might as well try to whistle down the north wind as to make a woman believe that exercise and diet are better than medicine. If he is overconscientious and abandons the case, another fellow comes along and gets it, so the natural temptation is to cater to a patient's whims."—New York Mail and Express.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute			6
Standard	7	@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams, ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides, ₩ lb	8½	@	10
Shoulders, ₩ lb	8	@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides, ₩ lb	7	@	7¾
Shoulders, ₩ lb	6½	@	
BARRELS—			
Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX, ₩ lb		@	26
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern, ₩ M	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	18		
Northern	20	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	60	@	62½
Virginia Meal	55	@	65
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle		@	70
CANDLES—₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb—			
Laguyra	27	@	28
Rio	20	@	23
DOMESTICS—	15	@	19
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	@	8½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—₩ dozen		@	10
FISH			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	4 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
FLOUR—			
Extra	3 25	@	3 50
Second Patent	3 40	@	4 00
City Mills—Super		@	2 90
" Family	3 25	@	3 75
FLOUR—₩ barrel—			
Low grade	3 35	@	3 75
Choice	4 00	@	4 25
Straight	4 10	@	4 75
Patent	4 60	@	5 25
First Patent	5 00	@	
GLUE—₩ lb	7½	@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	63	@	67½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	65
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	65
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	50
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	3½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern	90	@	1 00
Western	90	@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	5½	@	6
North Carolina	5½	@	6
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sales) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, assorted	18 00	@	23 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	26	@	27½
" " in bbls		@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds		@	14
" " in bbls		@	18
Syrup, in bbls	15	@	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60 base	1 60	@	1 70
ORE, ₩ ton—			
City Mine		@	18 50
Rose		@	15 00
Prime		@	15 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ₩ sack		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	65
American		@	60
Alum	85	@	90
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ₩ M—			
Common	5 00	@	7 00
Cypress Saps	9 00	@	9 00
Cypress Heart	4 50	@	5 00
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd		@	4¾
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex. C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden		@	4
C, Yellow		@	3¾
O A F, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	
TAPES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	20	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	20	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	8 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	3	@	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 20	@	1
North Carolina	1 00	@	
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burs	12½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 17.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady at 26¼ cents per gallon bid for country and 26¾ cents bid for standard casks. Sales later at quotations.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl. for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 25 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $1 20 for Hard, $1 80 for Yellow Dip and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON—Quiet.

Ordinary	4¼	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	5¾	" "
Low Middling	6 7-16	" "
Middling	6⅞	" "
Good Middling	7 3-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	00 bales
Spirits Turpentine	170 casks
Rosin	626 bbls
Tar	95 bbls
Crude Turpentine	53 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, June 17—Evening—Money on call was easy 1 per cent., last loan at 1 per cent and closing offered at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange was strong; actual business in bankers' bills at 488¼@488¾ for sixty days and 489¼@489½ for demand. Commercial bills 487¼@488. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 113; United States twos 97. State bonds quiet; North Carolina fours 100, North Carolina sixes 125¼. Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, June 17—Evening—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 7¼c; middling uplands 7¼c.

Futures closed easy, with sales of 100,900 bales; June 6.90c July 6.93c; August 6.98; September 6.99c; October 7.02c; November 7.04c; December 7.08c; January 7.12; February 7.17c; March 7.22.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 1,546 bales; exports to Great Britain 500 bales; exports to France 100 bales; exports to the Continent 150 bales; forwarded 403 bales; sales 430 bales, sales to spinners 230 bales; stock (actual) 219,435 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 3,995 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,135 bales; to France 100 bales; to the Continent 150 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,887,873 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,847,980 bales; exports to France 770,806 bales; exports to the Continent 2,379,673 bales.

Flour was dull and weak at prices; winter wheat, low grades $3 70@3 50; fair to fancy grades $3 75@4 25; patents $4 25@4 75; Minnesota clear $3 20@3 60; do. patents $4 15@4 90; low extras $2 70@3 50; city mills ——. Southern flour was dull and weak; common to fair extra $3 65@3 40; good to choice do. $3 50@4 25. Wheat freely active for export and 1¾@2c lower, closing steady; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 76¾c; afloat 77¾c; options were active, excited and irregular, declining 8c, advanced

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is **Dr. Samuel Pitcher's** prescription for **Infants and Children.** It contains **neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance.** It is a harmless substitute for **Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups,** and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of Mothers. **Castoria is the** Children's **Panacea — the Mother's** Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 ly

JNO. WILDER ATKINSON. WM. MAVO ATKINSON

ATKINSON & SON,

AGENTS

North Carolina Home Ins. Co.

WE OFFER TO THOSE WANTING

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE

Policies in this Old and Reliable Home Institution All losses promptly paid.

W. S. PRIMROSE, President.
CHARLES ROOT, Secretary.
PULASKI COWPER, Secretary.

FOR **MAN** AND **BEAST!**

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Bites, Bruises, Bunions, Corns,	Scratches, Sprains, Strains, Stitches, Stiff Joints, Backache, Galls, Sores, Spavin Cracks.	Contracted Muscles, Eruptions, Hoof Ail, Screw Worms, Swinney, Saddle Galls, Piles.

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

FOR THE MILLION.

The Bewildering Array of Medicinal Preparations In a Drug Store.

The catalogue of a great wholesale drug concern gives an impressive list of the proprietary medicines that are sold to the American public. Such a catalogue makes a book of over 400 pages, with 60 articles to the page. An examination of this interesting publication shows the existence of 73 "balms," each with a distinctive name. Under the general name of "balsams" there are 241 preparations. Extracts of beef in various combinations, with iron, wine, pepsin, etc., come in 63 shapes.

For the use of people who scorn to take liquor for its own sake, but who are willing to take a daily portion of alcohol in the guise of "bitters," a choice is offered between 136 more or less well advertised concoctions. There are 25 blood purifiers, and 213 remedies are put up in a "capsule" form to be retailed by druggists. There are 26 kinds of medicated cigarettes. "Cordial" is the soothing name given to 68 prescriptions for various diseases.

Of toilet preparations known as "creams" there are 96 brands. There are 374 nostrums labeled "cures" for man and beast and for every ill that flesh is heir to. Of tooth powders, pastes and other dentifrices a bewildering choice is offered from 286 varieties. Of "drops" there are 104 standard preparations. "Elixir" is in high favor, and the up to date druggist must carry 167 selections. In the line of "extracts" there is a choice of 291, exclusive of perfumes. Of baby, brain, nerve and other "foods" there are an even 100. Twenty-three manufacturers have hair dyes on the market, and other preparations for the hair under various names swell the total to 200.

Of liniments there are 146 patented varieties. People with delicate palates may take medicine in 93 forms of lozenges. There are 214 oils and 195 ointments. There are 80 forms of pepsin. But pills top the list, there being 577 kinds known to and handled by the trade. The popularity of plasters as a remedial agent is proved by 154 distinct brands. Of powders there are 417 varieties, and they are second in number only to pills. "Relief" is the trademark of 63 remedies, while "remedy" is sufficiently descriptive of 268 nostrums. "Restorers" there are to the number of 52, and "salve" is good enough for 171 preparations. Druggists are expected to furnish any one of 355 kinds of soap, each possessed of curative power. Drugs are advertised as "sirups" in 408 preparations, and there are 199 kinds of "tablets." Tonics are listed to the number of 118, and medicated waters in bottles come from 184 springs throughout the world.—New York World.

Tobacco In Illness.

If tobacco has been violently denounced, it has had ardent defenders. The most recent of them, however, Dr. Ludwig Jankau of Munich, drops the apologetic tone and stoutly maintains that tobacco is not merely permissible, but is actually indicated in the case of the sick and convalescent under certain conditions. After surgical operations, for instance, except those on the abdomen or bladder, smoking is beneficial if the patient feels the desire for it. In diseases of the eyes and mouth tobacco should be forbidden, but in such cases the patient is not likely to wish to smoke. In peritonitis, typhlitis and perityphlitis smoking is also likely to be harmful. In organic diseases of the heart mild tobacco may be allowed in moderation to patients who have been smokers from early life. In the early stage of phthisis smoking is often useful owing to its undoubted bactericidal power. Dr. Jankau thinks it retards the development of the disease. He thinks the disinfectant properties of tobacco also make it of service in affections of the mouth, but the quality, of course, should be of the mildest.—British Medical Journal.

Muscles.

Many muscles are located at a considerable distance from the point where their force is to be exerted and are connected with the point of operation by slender strings or tendons. This is a provision of nature solely for convenience. If all the muscles whose power in concentrated in the hand and foot were located in the hands or feet, these members would assume an inordinate size and weight and become more troublesome than useful.

Heart and Lungs.

The action of the heart, lungs and digestive system is involuntary, for the reason that it is indispensable to life and must be carried on under all circumstances. If a man had to think of his heart or had to remember that he must breathe, or that his food must digest, he would have no time to do anything else, and if by chance he should forget to keep his heart going or his lungs in operation he would fall dead on the spot.

Constantine the Great had a sword made to order for $80.

No More Singing.

Twenty years ago in Italy melody was to be heard all over the country. The laborer going home to bed through the vines sang his stornello or his rispetto to the sleeping fields. The boy who drove his yoked oxen or cows in the big square cart beguiled the way with song, joyous or amorous. The guitar and the mandolin were heard at dusk at every farmhouse door, and in the streets of the town youths went singing and playing till the moon was high.

There was music all over the land, along the hedgerows as in the city lanes, under the poplars and mulberries as beneath the walls of citadel and baptistry. How many a time at sunset or in the starlight have I listened to the beautiful canzone of the peasantry when the sweetness of the vine flower filled the atmosphere or the dropped acacia blossom shed its smell on garden paths. Now rarely are these wood notes wild ever heard to lighten and spiritualize toil.—Ouida in Nineteenth Century.

The Toes.

The second toe should be longer than the others to denote an artistic temperament. Here sentimentalism dwells and romance and imagination. If the larger toe is strong and broad, the inclination toward realism will be checked by a good amount of practical sense. In the purely artistic foot the little member of the five should curl inward. Its arching upward denotes a passionate nature. The women of southern countries are noted for this distinction.—New York Mercury.

THE BACHELOR.

Treatment He Received In Ancient Times at the Law's Hands.

As matters stand at present, the bachelor—as a householder at any rate—contributes nothing to the rates and taxes of his country, whereas the married man has to pay both for his own privileges and for those of the single man. This, to say the least, is hardly fair. Why, then, not revert to an ancient usage, and subject the bachelor to pecuniary penalties for his self appointed immunity from the cares of life?

When a proposal was made not long ago to tax the bachelors of France as they were taxed in the days of the first republic, the fact was recalled that republics generally have been hard upon the celibates. The wise Plato condemned the single men to a fine, and in Sparta they were driven at stated times to the temple of Hercules by the women, who there drilled and castigated them in true military style.

The ancient Romans, too, were severe with their bachelors, who were made to pay heavy fines and worse than that, for, after the siege of Veii, Camillus is reported to have compelled them to marry the widows of the soldiers who had fallen in the war.

Again, in the time of Augustus, the married men, all other things being equal, were preferred to the single men for the public offices. Then the Roman who had three children was exempted from personal taxes, and the bachelors not only had to pay them, but were prevented from inheriting the property of any one not a Roman citizen.

Coming to more recent times, we have several instances of a like kind recorded for us by a recent writer on the subject. In the French settlement of Canada, for example, women were sent over after the men, and the single men, that they might be forced to marry, were subjected to heavy taxation and restrictions on their trade and movements generally.

Those who married were dealt with, on the other hand, in a generous spirit. Not only were they provided with a good wife and a comfortable home, but they were rewarded according to the number of their offspring. The father of ten children, for instance, was pensioned for life at the rate of 300 livres a year. If he had 12 children, he had 100 livres a year more, and the amount ran up to 1,200 livres a year when 15 children blessed the union.

About the close of the seventeenth century the local authorities of Eastham, in Massachusetts, voted that every unmarried man in the township should kill six blackbirds or three crows yearly as long as he remained single, producing the scalps in proof, and as a penalty for not obeying the order he was forbidden to marry until he had made up all arrears!

The requirements here were almost nominal, but it was somewhat different in Maryland, where, half a century later, the colonial assembly imposed a tax of 5 shillings yearly upon all bachelors over 30—as well as upon widowers without children — who were possessed of $300.

At home we were not quite so severe when William III chose to single out the bachelors for special enactments. In those days any commoner who remained single at 25 had to pay a shilling fine yearly, and the amount was increased with rank or title. A duke was supposed to be a special offender in not taking a wife, and had to pay for his whim to the extent of £12 10s per annum. It is thus evident that the fact was recognized that the prosperity of a country depends upon its married citizens.—English Exchange.

Instant Success of "Hiawatha."

In his next long poem Longfellow attempted another new meter, borrowed from a Finnish poet. He was always interested in the American Indian, and one of his earliest poems was "The Burial of the Minnesink," as one of his latest was "The Revenge of Rain-in-the-face." He now decided that the mythical legends of the red men could be woven into a poem of which an Indian should be the central figure. The simple rhythm was exactly suited to the simple story. "Hiawatha" was published in 1853, and its instant success surpassed that of "Evangeline," which was its only rival among the longer poems of American authors upon a peculiarly American subject. The easy verses sang themselves into the memory of all who read the poem, and the descriptions of nature delighted all who had kept their eyes open as they walked through our American woods and fields.—Professor Brander Matthews in St. Nicholas.

Burns.

Burns liked "Tam O'Shanter" as well as anything he ever wrote, and yet this inimitable poem was composed in order that Alloway kirk might not be left out of a collection of Scottish ruins that an antiquarian was making. In general the poet spoke rather contemptuously of his own writings.

Negro Burial Societies.

The burial societies are numerous. It is the ambition of every colored man and woman to have a ceremonious funeral, and this is got by pooling their interests. The dues of the burial societies are much larger than those of the matrimonial associations, being usually $1, and when a member dies there is a fund of $300 or $400 to buy his casket and furnish flowers and carriages and pay the expenses of a band. It is usual to hold all funerals on Sunday, too, so as to secure a larger attendance.—Savannah Letter in Chicago Record.

Only an Emperor.

William II is not the only German emperor who has dabbled in music. The Emperor Charles VI was congratulated on his skill by the composer Fuchs, who said to him, "What a pity, sire, you are not a conductor!" To this Charles VI replied: "Well, it can't be helped. I am only an emperor and must make the best of it."

Frederick Barbarossa had, according to a contemporary historian, a beard that reached down to his knees. "A story longer than the king's beard" was a proverb of his time.

IN AN OLD ATTIC.

The Many Quaint Treasures of the Olden Time It Contained.

Yesterday I found a delightful book, and of course it was in an attic. Our ancestors may not have stored things in attics expressly to have us discover them, but we continue to do so from time to time, and they are undoubtedly more interesting from being a bit cobwebby and mysterious. The attic in which I found the delicious book had in it hidden things which looked as if they might be the first patterns of everything we use now. Probably the most desirable trait about this attic was that it did not possess a place for anything or anything in its place.

For instance, I found a bonnet hanging on a pair of andirons.

But for the green silk strings no one would ever dream it was a bonnet. It looked much more like a coal scuttle and had as many enormous bones as a prehistoric skeleton. It must have belonged to a very great grandmother. No one without several greats before her name could have worn that bonnet! Behind the andirons was a cradle, and in the cradle was a long pole with a red silk arrangement which once meant a fire screen. Beside it stood a clock, with a moon face and long chains and weights. It looked so much like a Dutch doll, with just head and legs, that I laughed aloud. But an attic is not a place in which to laugh unless one has company. Everything was rebukingly still, and so was I immediately.

Near the clock was a table shaped like a long legged spider. It looked as if just ready to walk off alone. I was quite sure it belonged to the bonnet and the fire screen, and that somewhere there were blue cups and saucers, which one might break by talking too loud, and that they belonged to the table.

In a far corner stood a picture with its face to the wall.

I drew it out and rested it against the table. Of course it was dusty. I never heard of the right sort of an attic which was kept dusted. It was the picture of a lady. I knew that at once, just as we always know a lady when we see one. The picture was rather dim, but I could easily discern that she was young and slim, with a white throat and bright, dark eyes. Her hair, done very high, was of a ruddy brown, and she had on a short waisted white satin frock, and held a half open fan primly in her hands.

It was easy to see that she was just where she belonged—beside the spider legged table. I had no doubt that she could have told the whereabouts of the blue cups and saucers. Thinking about this lady, my eyes encountered another pair of eyes staring straight at mine. My heart jumped once and stood still until I recognized the eyes as my own.

I was gazing into a mirror. It was a dim, queer mirror, with a crack like an enormous smile across its face and pale enough to hold only the ghost of light which once shone in it. Two rods supported it. They held a brass candlestick apiece and rested on a little stand which had a drawer. I sat down on a hair trunk before this letterstand. The drawer had brass knobs and might have been locked once, but time or rust made it open easily, and then—such an assortment of odds and ends! Faded ribbons and flowers and beads and a feather fan, which, when I opened it, filled the air with a musty dust that made me sneeze! Under these scraps was a box, and under the box was a book—the book.—"The Black Duck," by Virginia W. Cloud, in St. Nicholas.

WORK OF CUSTOMS INQUISITORS.

Singular Credulity of These Sharp Men Who Look Out For Smugglers.

Man has been variously defined by the philosophers as a rational animal, a laughing animal and a cooking animal, says an exchange. Why not also a smuggling animal? For of all the many manifestations of that original sin which standeth not in the following of Adam smuggling is surely the most widespread. You may find grocers who do not sand the sugar, and you may find churchgoers who make a point of following the sermon from start to finish. But if you would find the man who scorns to smuggle you will have to search industriously and long—longer and more industriously even than if the object of your quest were that preux chevalier who disdains to travel in a first class carriage with a third class ticket.

Smuggling might even be defended—as murder has been—by philosophic processes of ratiocination. Suppose, for instance, that you, an Englishman, are on the point of traveling in France. You are a smoker and are fully persuaded in your own mind that smoking is beneficial, if not indeed absolutely necessary to your health. From information received you are aware that from Calais to Marseilles and from Bordeaux to Belfort nothing fit to smoke can be obtained. There are places, it is true, where fourpenny books can be obtained for a franc apiece. But that is an extravagant price to pay, and from your childhood upward you have been taught to consider extravagance a sin. For the rest, you can obtain two sorts of cigarettes. There are certain so called Turkish cigarettes—the Vizir—which taste principally of the paper in which they are rolled, and there are also the Caporal cigarettes. But it is notorious, and it was principally because they were always smoking these Caporal cigarettes, that the French were beaten by the Germans in the great war. Therefore you argue with yourself thus:

"It is a question," you say to yourself, "between damaging my health, if not indeed my moral character, by smoking French tobacco and defrauding the French of a few centimes. Of two evils one should always choose the less."

Of course there is always the third alternative of declaring the contraband goods and paying the duty on them. But that does not occur to you. As the song says, "You can't think of everything, can you?" So you put your cigars in your boots, or in the lining of your hat, or in any other place that ingenuity suggests, and stride through the custom house with your head in the air, and exhibit genuine indignation when the douanier fumbles about suspiciously among the undergarments at the bottom of your portmanteau.

Considering all things, custom house officials are a gentle and unsuspicious race of men. With all the painful experience of the deceitfulness of human nature that comes their way one would expect them to be invariably skeptical of the traveler's assertion that he has nothing to declare. As a matter of fact, they are very generally credulous, especially in foreign parts.

The Gladstonian Theory.

Mr. Gladstone is a believer in the theory that a man can do better mental work every year to extreme old age if he takes care of his body. He claims that the mind grows stronger and clearer as the body loses vitality, and that it is only disease of the latter that can prevent an intellectual progress that will go on to the end. He is certainly a good illustration of his working theory.

They Can't Stay Here

See What We Will Give You for 5 Cents.

1 Ladies High Crown Sailor hat 5c; 1 Boy's straw hat 5c; 2 large thick copy books 5c; 1¼ yards checkered homespun 5c; 1¼ yards white homespun 5c; 1¼ yards calico 5c; 2½ dozen dress buttons 5c; 2½ quires writing paper 5c; 2 packages of envelopes 5c; 1,000 pine wood tooth picks 5c; 12 nice, long whalebone for dresses 5c; 2 yards whale bone casing 5c; 1 dozen fine pearl dress buttons 5c; 2 spools of cotton and 1 ball of thread for 5c; 6 pair large strong shoe laces 5c; 1 pair porpoise shoe laces 5c; 5 papers needles 5c; 3 papers pins 5c; ½ yard fine table oil cloth 5c, or by the yard 10c; ½ yard fine matting 5c, or by the yard 10c; 1 fine base ball 5c; 1 base ball bat 5c; 2 fine-tooth rubber combs 5c; 1 yard dress lining 5c; 1 yard ribbon, 1½ inches wide, 5c; 1 bunch fine flowers 5c; 1 yard silk veiling 5c; 1 spool Coats' cotton and one ball fine twine 5c; 1 yard Rockingham homespun 5c, 1 yard Pee Dee Regatta, the best homespun made, 5c; 2 bottles fine blacking 5c.

We have not room to tell you of the 5c things, to say nothing of the better and higher price goods we handle. Remember we carry everything you can think of from shoes to your head wear, with house furnishing goods included. Come to-day and on everything you wish we will save you money.

We are yours for bargains on Front street opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop.
of Wilmington's big Racket Store.
june 16 tf

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.
CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.
CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.
NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO
WILMINGTON N. C.
Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,
Wilmington, N. C

Are now handling a few additional lines, such as

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
WATER COOLERS,
COOK STOVES,
RANGES,
Garden Hose
Lawn Mowers.

They undoubtebly have the finest Cream Freezer and the lowest price Lawn Mowers ever brought to this market.

GOOD GOODS and SQUARE DEALING is their motto with those they sell to as well as those from whom they buy.

14 North Front Street,
Wilmington, N. C.
ap 28tf

MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
J. S. McRae, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
J. H. Morrison, Lumberton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

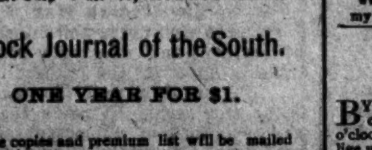
Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

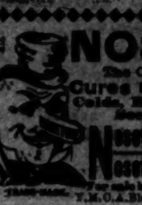
J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
June 8 1m



The Great Farm, Industrial and Stock Journal of the South.

ONE YEAR FOR $1.

Sample copies and premium list will be mailed on application to THE CULTIVATOR PUBLISHING CO.



ap 3 ly 8p

Summer Resorts.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

WILL OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,
Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.
my 31 tf

CAPON SPRINGS AND BATHS,

Hampshire, Co., W. Va.
WM. H. SALE, Prop.

The Capon Springs is ALKALINE LITHIA WATER. ALKALINE LITHIA BATHS, ANY TEMPERATURE. LARGEST SWIMMING POOL OF ALKALINE LITHIA WATER IN THE WORLD. One of the FINEST IRON SPRINGS at Capon to be found. SUPERB MOUNTAIN CLIMATE. Here is where the SICK GET WELL, and the well who come to spend a lovely Summer and Fall are NEVER DISAPPOINTED. Write for pamphlet and secure rooms before all the best are taken. Come once, you are sure to come again. Refer to Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Giles, Wilmington.
my 26 tf

The Roanoke Red Sulphur Springs,

VIA. SALEM, VA.

High and dry, Sulphur, Chalybeate, Limestone and Freestone Waters. Hay Fever, Asthma, Lung, Throat and Female Troubles relieved.

For terms, certificates of eminent physicians, of former guests, etc., write for descriptive pamphlet.

J. H. CHAPMAN,
Manager.
my 26 2m

THE CELEBRATED.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, Virginia.

THE GAYEST RESORT IN THE MOUNTAINS. Capacity 1,000. Opens June 1st. Rates reduced one-half. Considering quality of its Patrons Character of accommodation and

Cheapest Resort in America.

Waters recommended by the leading physicians. If a sufferer from Consumption, Indigestion, Scrofula, Catarrh, Diarrhea, Female Troubles, &c, or need gayety, surrounded with a superb class of people, write for pamphlet and be convinced. This is a panacea for your troubles. Dr. Isaiah White, of Richmond, Medical Director.

JAMES A. FRAZIER,
may 11 2m Managing Receiver.

Alleghany Springs, Va.

The greatest Dyspepsia water known. Endorsed by the State Medical Society, and awarded gold medal and diploma at World's Fair, Chicago. Most popular Summer resort in the mountains of Virginia. Elevation 1,700 feet. Beautiful lawn of 40 acres. Fine walks and drives, good livery. Band of Music. Terms moderate. Write for circular or pamphlet, containing testimonials from prominent physicians, and other parties of eminence.

C. A. COLHOUN, Prop.
R. T. STYLL, M. D., Ph. G., Resident Physician.
June 2 tf

Cleveland Springs. 1895.

THIS most delightful of all Western North Carolina resorts, is now open, ready for guests.

The Medicinal virtues of these waters are unsurpassed.

Special rates until July 1st.

For circulars and full information, address

J. B. WILKINSON, Proprietor,
June 2 tf Shelby, N. C.

Warren White Sulphur Springs,

VIRGINIA.

The Oldest Summer Resort in the United States. Established 1734.

TERMS.

Per week, one person........$15.00
Per month, one person........40.00
Two persons in one room.....70.00

Special rates to parties of three or more.

Good Fishing, Boating and Bathing.

DISTANCE FROM
Richmond & Danville R. R. 1 mile.
Norfolk & Western R. R.....3 miles.
Baltimore & Ohio R. R.......4 miles.

Eight different waters, namely: White, Red and Blue Sulphur, Alum, Iron, Arsenic, Chalybeate and Lithia.

On top of the "Three Top Range" of the Massanutten chain of Mountains. Elevation 2,100 feet above the sea. No mosquitoes, gnats or malaria.

Address, C. W. CULLEN & SON,
je 9 3m Cullen P. O., Virginia.

Anchor Lime

IS THE

Best on the Market.

Nails, Hoop-Iron Rivets,

MOLASSES,

Flour, Sugar, Coffee,

MEAT, LARD, &c.

GENERAL GROCERIES.

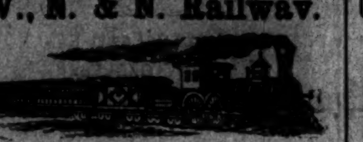
WORTH & WORTH.
my 12 tf

Half-Holiday.

BY Agreement with all other Barbers of the city, our shop will close every Friday afternoon at Two o'clock. Our patrons will please take notice, and oblige us by calling on Friday morning.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,
Experts in Barbering,
Je 14 tf 11 South Front St.

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, June 9, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 6	NORTH BOUND 8	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND 5	SOUTH BOUND 7
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
7 00	1 55	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	7 00	12 35
7 15		Lv....Surry street....Ar	6 50	A M
10 43	3 47	Lv..Jacksonville Lv	4 30	10 42
11 22	4 20	Lv..Maysville..........Lv	3 20	10 09
11 43	4 33	Lv..Pollocksville......Lv	3 00	9 55
12 25	5 10	Ar..Newbern Lv	2 20	9 20
	6 37	Ar— Morehead City— Lv		8 07
P M	P M		P M	

Trains 6 and 7 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 5 and 8.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. June 9 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 26, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.26 a m, Petersburg 2.87 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkins 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m. St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.20 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.03 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 p m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 9.00 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m and 10 40 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.02 p m, arrive Bishopville 7 39 p m. Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7 00 a m; arrive Elliott 7 38 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Datta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Dunbar 7 50 p m, returning leave Dunbar 6.30 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 6.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 8.00 p m, Hartsville 9.00 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 3.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.08 p m, 11.03 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Trains lve Pregnall's 3.15 p m, Summerton 4.47 p m, Sumter 5.50 p m, Darlington 7.20 p m, Bennettsville 8.15 p m, arrive Hamlet 9.15 p m. Returning leave Hamlet 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 7.11 a m, Darlington 8.11 a m, Sumter 9.45 a m, Summerton 10 40 a m, arrive Pregnall's 12.15 p m. Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 19 tf

Sans Souci Fertilizer Works.

J. F. Garrell & Co.,
Manufacturers of

High Grade Fertilizers,

And dealers in Fertilizer Materials.
Special Fertilizers for all crops.
Special Potato Guano.
Fertilizers for Cotton & Corn.
High Grade Truck Fertilizers.
Bone Phosphate. Bone Meal.
Dried Blood. Tankage. Muriate of Potash. Fish Scrap. Nitrate of Soda. Acid Phosphate, Cotton Seed Meal. Cotton Seed Hull Ashes, and all other Fertilizer materials.

Our factory is located at Sans Souci Truck Farm, on Smith's Creek, near Wilmington, N. C.
may 28 tf

Notice.

A DIVIDEND OF EIGHT PER CENT. WILL be paid on and after the 5th day of June, 1895, to all creditors of the Bank of New Hanover, at Wilmington, who have duly proved their claims before the Receiver.

JUNIUS DAVIS,
my 26 10t Receiver.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT MAY 19, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
5 50 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ...Lve	9 20 a. m
2 30 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	12 35 p m
2 20 "	Ar .. Fayetteville... Lv	12 45
"	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	
12 50 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	2 16 "
10 50 a m	Lv......Climax......Lv	4 19 p. m
10 20 "	Lv....Greensboro.... Ar	4 50 "
10 11 "	Ar....Greensboro.... Lv	5 00 "
9 28 "	Lv....Stokesdale.... Lv	5 55 "
8 59 a m	Lv...Walnut Cove... Ar	6 25 "
8 55 "	Ar..Walnut Cove... Lv	6 20 "
8 29 "	Lv....Rural Hall.... Lv	6 58 "
7 05 "	Lv.....Mt Airy..... Ar	8 26 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 15 a. m
6 12 "	Ar.......Maxton..... Lv	9 20 "
5 40 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	9 55 "
4 57 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 35 "
4 35 "	Lv....Fayetteville... Ar	10 55

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
6 00 p m	Ar..... Ramseur .Lv	5 50 a. m
4 20 "	Lv ..... Climax Lv	7 35 "
3 00 "	Lv ... Greensboro.. . Ar	8 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 15 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 35 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 40

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

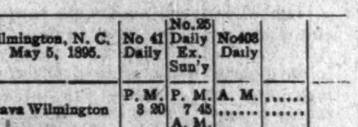
At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.
my 18 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 403 Daily	
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......	......
		A. M.		
Leave Maxton	6 13	12 45	......	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54	......
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08	......
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49	......
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 35	......
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	9 35	......
Leave Charlotte			10 43	......
Leave Lincolnton			10 43	......
			P. M.	......
Leave Shelby			12 05	......
Arr. Rutherfordton			2 30	......

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 402 Daily	
	A. M.	P M.	P. M.	
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25	
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58	
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55	
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20	
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20	
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10	
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15	
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54	
		A. M.		
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34	
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30		
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30		
	P. M.			
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05		

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5 20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	9.15 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

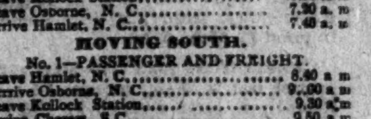
Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C.

V. E. McBEE, Supt. Trans.
E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President.
JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mrg.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.50 a m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.30 a m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.48 a m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $3.00 per annum, $1.00 for four months, 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum, 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES.

Gilt Edge Butter.

LARD, HAMS, SIDES,
FLOUR, RICE, GRITS,
WATER GROUND MEAL,
CAKES, CANDIES,
SOAP, STARCH, &c., &c.
A small lot COW PEAS just in.
HALL & PEARSALL,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
my 25 D&W tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The *Sun* says: Cotton rose three to four points, but lost this and declined four to five points, closing easy with sales of 100,000 bales. Spot cotton here was 1-16c higher, and also at Baltimore. Otherwise, spot quotations in this country were unchanged, with trade quiet. Here 330 bales for spinning were sold. Liverpool advanced one to one and a half points and closed quiet. The spot sales were 8,000 bales at weak prices, though they were without quotable change. In Manchester, yarns were dull, but steady; cloths quiet. New Orleans declined six to seven points. The port receipts were 9,078 bales, against 1,509 this day last week and 1,475 last year.

To-day's features: Some advance in Liverpool and heavy rains in Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, South Carolina and Georgia, together with local covering of shorts and some investment buying, caused an advance this morning, but later on there was heavy selling by New Orleans operators and also more or less selling for local and Continental account which caused a decline. Needed rains fell in Arkansas and Tennessee. On the whole, Liverpool advices were disappointing, trade there being dull at weak prices on the spot, while futures showed the effect of considerable liquidation. The speculation here was on a moderate scale. Some stop-orders were received and accelerated the decline. Nevertheless many believe that ultimately cotton will reach considerably higher quotation. It may be a dragging market for a time, but in the end it is contended that the generally improved trade conditions in this country and the backwardness of the crop will tell favorably on the price.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Closed Lower—Corn Higher—Oats Unchanged—Pork Products a Shade Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, June 17.—With a recovery of 1⅜c from the inside, wheat nevertheless closed 1⅛c lower than Saturday. The rally was due more to the activity of shorts in covering than to news favorable or to campaigning by bulls. The announcements and information to-day clearly acted against the market and to the depreciation of values. July opened at 74½c to 73⅜c, sold between 74⅝c and 73¼c, closing at 73⅝c—with the loss above mentioned. Cash wheat was weak, averaging 9c per bushel lower, but firming up with the futures at the close.

July corn closed at 49⅜c, the net gain being ⅝c per bushel. Cash corn sold from ⅜c to ⅜c lower than Saturday, but showed an improvement at the close.

Oats—There was noticeable considerable liquidation in oats to-day. The American Cereal Company were thought to have parted with some of their holdings, and the country sent in some selling orders. Commission houses and some of the elevator people offered liberally, but shorts covered with some determination when the other grains rallied. July oats closed unchanged from Saturday. Cash oats were weak and ⅜c per bushel lower.

Provisions upheld their reputation for dullness. The month of June is never looked to to develop anything startling in this market and thus far there has been no deviation from the rule. Prices were easy early, the effect of lower grain values, but towards the end of the session the influence which came from the improvement in wheat tended to more steadiness. The close was unchanged from Saturday for July pork, and a shade higher for July lard and July ribs

INSPECTOR M'LAUGHLIN.

Judge Barrett Says He Will Send Him to the Penitentiary or State's Prison.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 17.—Police Inspector Wm. McLaughlin, found guilty of extortion, was brought before Judge Barrett this morning. His counsel moved that the verdict be set aside and a new trial granted. Judge Barrett denied the motion. Several other motions were made and denied. Later the Judge postponed the sentence until Wednesday.

Judge Barrett said he wanted to make sure whether the Police Commissioners had dismissed the defendant from his office as Inspector because of the verdict that was given by the jury or whether they had proceeded against him on some old statute. Judge Barrett then said that if he sentenced the defendant to State's prison that the sentence *ipso facto* removed him from his office of Inspector of Police, but if he was sentenced to the penitentiary it did not remove him. "The question that I have got to consider," said Judge Barrett, "is whether I will send him to State's prison or to the penitentiary."

A London dispatch says the Attorney General has refused to grant the application for the release of Oscar Wilde on the ground that the indictment under which he was tried and convicted was defective.

The women of Alexandria, Va., propose to erect in that city a monument to the mother of Robt. E. Lee.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 17.—Spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 29¼@30. Rosin quiet, steady; strained common to good $1 55@1 57½.

CHARLESTON, June 17—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½c; receipts 78 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 10@1 15; receipts 207 barrels.

SAVANNAH, June 17.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c bid; sales 889 casks; receipts 1,187 casks. Rosin—market firm; sales of 3,000 barrels; quotations: A, B, C $1 10, D $1 90, E $1 95, F $1 45, G $1 50, H $1 80, I $1 90, K $2 25, M $2 45, N $3 60, window glass $3 80, water white $3 05.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

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106 Wall Street, N. Y.

may 23 tf

WASHINGTON NEWS.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND LEAVES FOR GRAY GABLES.

Accompanied by His Private Secretary and Physician—The Practice Ship Bancroft on a Cruise—Republican National Committee Arranging For a Meeting in November.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The practice cruiser Bancroft left Annapolis to-day for Port Jefferson, Long Island, to receive the cutter yacht Medusa from the heirs of Robert Centre, the New York club man, who was killed several weeks ago while bicycle riding. The Medusa was offered to the Government by Mrs. Livingston, Mr. Centre's mother, for the use of the cadets at the Naval Academy, Mr. Centre having been a great admirer of that institution. Lieutenant David Daniels, with a crew of three cadets and five seamen from the Bancroft, will navigate the Medusa to Annapolis, where the cutter will be useful in giving the cadets their first exercises in seamanship. From Port Jefferson the Bancroft will go to the Newport News ship-building station works to enable the engineer cadets aboard to inspect the gun-boats under construction there, and will subsequently visit the Cramp's yard at Philadelphia and the New York navy yard.

The Republican National Committee will probably meet in November this year instead of December which has been the month selected for many years past. While this conclusion has not been definitely reached, it is one which meets the views of the influential members of the committee and little doubt is entertained that it will be adopted. The Republican leaders believe that the next National Convention should be held in May and inasmuch as the national committee must give six months notice of the holding of the Convention, it will be necessary, therefore, that the committee shall hold its meeting in November.

It is purposed by the Republican leaders to inaugurate a campaign of education. In order to make such a campaign effective it is necessary that sufficient time should elapse between the holding of the convention and election day in which to acquaint the voters with all the facts connected with the Presidential contest.

President Cleveland, accompanied by his private secretary, Henry T. Thurber, who has leased a cottage near the President's seaside residence for himself and family, and by Dr. Robert M. O'Reilly, of the United States army, who has so frequently acted as the confidential traveling physician of the President, left Washington to-day to pass the rest of the summer at Gray Gables, Buzzard's Bay, Mass.

The train was scheduled as a special and pulled out of Washington at 6.55 a. m.—ten minutes before the regular No. 58 train of the Pennsylvania Railroad, of which it was regarded as the first section. By the President's request the engineer was instructed not to put on any extra speed, but to couform as nearly as possible to the pace of the regular train, which followed ten minutes after—carefully guarded by the block system from all danger of collision. This was done for two reasons: First, to avoid attracting attention, and second, to prevent the unpleasant oscillation which would result from so slight a train as that consisting of two coaches—one empty and the other occupied only by three people—being driven at rapid speed. The officials of the railroad and everybody else maintained the utmost secrecy as to the President's departure, and no one but a few secret service officials and early morning passengers witnessed the begira of the President of the Summer of 1895.

MAIL CARRIER ARRESTED.

Charged With Abstracting a Registered Package Containing Ten Thousand Dollars.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 17.—This morning, Charles I. Armstrong, a mail carrier discharged about six weeks ago, was arrested by a U. S. Marshal, on the charge of cutting open a through registered pouch and abstracting a package containing $10,000. He gave bond until to-morrow when a preliminary hearing will be held before the U. S. Commissioner. The circumstances are these: On Saturday last, the package was taken to the postoffice here and duly registered by a bank for its New York correspondent. The package was placed in the New York pouch and taken by the registry clerk to the depot and delivered to the railway mail transfer clerk and receipt taken about 9 p. M.

About 9.30, when the transfer clerk had finished his work connected with the mail for Mobile and New Orleans, he turned to that for other points and found the pouch for New York cut and a package abstracted. He immediately notified Inspector Whitesides at Chattanooga. He also set to work to fathom the trouble and sought the registry clerk. Later in the evening Armstrong, who was at the transfer office when the mail arrived from the postoffice turned up and delivered it to the transfer clerk with the package and claiming to have found it at a point some distance from both postoffice and depot. Inspector Barry reached the city early yesterday morning and made out the necessary papers charging Armstrong with the deed and his arrest this morning followed.

SOUTHERN R. R. ASSOCIATION.

Waiting for Reports of Committees—A Talk Over Freight Rates.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The members of the Southern Railway Association spent a quiet day to-day. Since the adjournment those members who are on the several committees have spent their time at the seashore, or in the city waiting for a call for another session, when the reports of committees will be presented and the business of the session wound up. There was a meeting of the executive committee in the forenoon and in the afternoon several members got together and talked over the schedule of charges for through freights. It is thought the committee will be ready to report on Wednesday and that the call will be issued for that day. The members of the committee refuse to divulge the matters under discussion, saying that it would be discourteous to the Association.

A MISER'S ESTATE.

Over Ten Thousand Dollars Found Tied-up in Rags in His House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CUMBERLAND, Md., June 17.—About one month ago Mr. John G. Zink died at his residence on Lee street, leaving the bulk of his property, which amounts to $8,600, to two sons. The will was filed about two weeks ago and to prevent its being probated, a caveat was filed by Mrs. John McCormick and Mrs. Faber, daughters of the deceased.

Testimony was being taken this morning when the caveator introduced evidence showing that the deceased was before his death his own banker. Mr. Robert Gordon, attorney for the caveates, rose and suggested that a search of the premises be made; the court granted permission. The party went through all the rooms, finding in corners, drawers, boxes, and on top of cupboards and in boxes, tied up in rags, money of all denominations. After the house had been searched thoroughly, the money just as it was found with the rags and boxes, were placed in baskets and taken to the vaults of the Orphans' Court, where it was deposited. The sum found was $10,447,05.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.

BOILER EXPLOSION AT A COTTON COMPRESS.

The Building Totally Wrecked—One of the Owners Killed—Twelve Persons Injured, Some of Them Seriously.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, June 17.—A frightful accident occurred about 10 o'clock this forenoon at the Union cotton press, on South Peters street. For several months past the press has been idle. This morning at 8 o'clock steam was gotten up for the purpose of trying the machine. About 10 o'clock several gentlemen from Mississippi who had decided to purchase the machinery came to the press, and the compress gang began work in their presence. Four bales were pressed and a fifth one was about to be made into a smaller bale, when one of the boilers exploded with a terrific detonation.

The building was totally wrecked and bricks went flying in all directions. A portion of the boiler was thrown some distance across the yard. Another piece passed through the wall and was thrown across South Peters street where it struck the wall of the *Independent Press* and knocked a hole through it about ten feet square. Fifteen men were in the compress gang at the time the accident occurred. Besides these there were a number of others, including Mr. Clement B. Penrose, one of the compress owners, and the prospective purchasers. Mr. Penrose, S. J. Johnson and N. B. Shelby, of Ellisville, Miss., and Mr. M. H. Turner, of Koschinsco, Miss., were standing near the machinery between the boiler and the compress. Mr. Penrose was leaning against the wall while the other gentlemen were standing in an arch. To this fact, they owe their lives. While Mr. Penrose was almost instantly killed, the others were blown some distance and then crawled out of the debris. Mr. Turner was slightly hurt on the leg, while Mr. Shelby received a slight scratch on the left arm. Several of the compress gang were also hurt, but their injuries, with one or two exceptions, are not serious. The compress is some distance from the boiler.

The following is a correct list of the killed and wounded: Killed—Clement B. Penrose, manager of the press. Wounded—Albert Frankenbush, seriously; Preston Keys, seriously; Henry Schneider, internally; Geo. Hynob, in the back; John Schultze, in the arm; Geo. Shoemeyer, about the head; Willie Ellits, in the back; Geo. Lynn, arm and head; John Lynn, eye and head; M. H. Turner, about the leg; Henry Heffler, on the shoulder; Laura Jones, in the head and shoulder.

The cause of the accident is a mystery. The boiler which exploded was not an old one and was considered in good order, and, as usual, there is said to have been plenty of water in it at the time it burst.

Mr. Penrose was well known here and was a member of the firm of Penrose Bros., press owners. He was also a school director of this city. He leaves a widow and two children.

Illustrating the old story of narrow escapes, while Mr. Penrose was instantly killed where he stood at the moment of the explosion, a boy whose duty it was to perform some slight work with each bale of cotton after it was pressed, and who was right at the side of the unfortunate man Penrose, escaped without a scratch, although he had a thrilling experience in being actually carried off his feet by the velocity of the wreck and flung clean through a gap in the wall into South Peters street. How the boy came out of the wreck with his life, or a sound member of his body, will for all time remain a mystery.

NEWS OF THE NAVY.

Commander George Ide Ordered Home to Answer Charges Preferred by Rear Admiral Meade.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON June 17.—Cabled orders were to-day sent to Commander Geo. E. Ide, of the cruiser Alert, detaching him and ordering him to report to the Navy Department. Commodore Franklin Hanford, on duty at the New York Nevy Yard, was ordered to succeed to the command of the Alert by steamer leaving New York June 30th. In the meantime the vessel will be in charge of Lieutenant C. H. C. Coffin, her executive officer. Commander Ide is coming home to answer charges of disrespect and discourtesy preferred by Rear Admiral Meade, who, when his squadron was at Colon, the middle of last April, crossed the Isthmus with Assistant Secretary McAdoo, and in Panama met Commander Ide, whose vessel was at that port. Commander Ide greeted Mr. McAdoo very cordially, but paid no attention to the Admiral who was at the time off his station, Commander Ide being attached to the Pacific; under Admiral Beardsleee. Meade, at the time, accused Ide of discourtesy, to which Ide is reported to have retorted that he had saluted him in accordance with regulations as a ranking officer, but he was not compelled to show any particular enthusiasm. The apparent delay in acting on Admiral Meade's charges is due to the fact that under the law a copy of the charges had first to be sent to the accused, and his reply received.

As the Alert has been at San Juan Del Sur, Nicaragua, and protecting American interests in Ecuador, there has been an unavoidable delay. It is evident from the action of the Department that the explanation of Commander Ide's is not regarded as sufficient to offset Admiral Meade's charges, and that he will be court-martialled on arriving at home. It is also said that the revocation of Admiral Meade's permission to go abroad was due to the charges against Ide, as the Admiral will be the principal witness for the prosecution. Whether it is deemed probable that the enquiry which is to be instituted will result in the censure of Commander Ide, or will supply additional ground of censure against Rear Admiral Meade, is, of course, a matter upon which navy officials are absolutely silent.

GEORGIA'S GOVERNOR.

His Life Hanging by a Thread—Operated Upon For Appendicitis.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, June 17.—Governor Wm. Y. Atkinson's life is hanging by a thread to-night. He rallied perceptibly this morning, but not sufficiently to permit the doctors to perform the operation for appendicitis. At one o'clock to-night he was removed from the Executive Mansion to Dr. Holmes' sanitarium across the street. As he was being moved from the mansion he stopped those who were carrying him and signed a respite for a man who was to be hanged Friday. The Governor said he might not be alive himself on Friday. The case had been laid before him and he thought the condemned man was entitled to another month of life.

The operation was performed successfully, four persons being in attendance. At midnight he was unconscious and the chances for his recovery were considered about even.

Robert Phillips and R. Davis, iron workers, while fixing a cornice on a second story window of a house in Washington, D. C., fell to the pavement below and both were killed. The scaffold upon which they stood broke under their weight.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE WHISKEY TRUST

ATTACK DEPUTY U. S. MARSHALS IN CHARGE OF DISTILLERIES.

A Brisk Fusillade—The Attacking Party Driven Off—None of the Deputies Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, June 17.—According to the report of Deputy Marshal Chas. Nordrum, made to Marshal Arnold, the first attack made on the distilleries in charge of Receiver McNulta, took place at an early hour this morning, the Shufeldt distillery, corner of Chicago and Hawthorne avenues, being fired upon by a party of men in boats. Shortly after 1 o'clock the deputy marshals guarding the distillery noticed a party, consisting of eleven men, cautiously coming up the river in two large skiffs. On reaching the southern end of the distillery grounds, the boats were pulled over to the west bank of the river. When directly opposite the distillery, the oarsmen were ordered by a young man in the first boat to cease rowing, and a second later to fire. The next instant a succession of shots were heard, the bullets rattling against the walls behind which the deputies were standing. A minute later a second volley was fired at the distillery. This time the deputies returned the fire and for a few minutes there was a brisk fusillade of shots. The men in the boats finally rowed away, the deputies sending a shower of bullets after them. None of the deputies were injured.

It is not known who the attacking party were or whether any of them were injured. "I think the crowd in the boats thought they could make a rush and drive my deputies away," said Marshal Arnold this morning. "It was a concerted movement and was no doubt deliberately planned beforehand. Who is at the back of it I cannot tell. I do not know what was to be gained by getting temporary possession in that way. The deputies guarding the distilleries will hereafter be armed with something more effective than revolvers."

TEMPERANCE WORKERS.

Nineteenth Annual Council of the National British Women's Temperance Association.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, June 17.—The nineteenth annual council of the National British Women's Temperance Association began in the City Temple, Holborn, E. C., to-day. The morning session began at 10 o'clock and adjourned at 1.30. The proceedings were opened with devotional exercises, after which the roll of offices and delegates was called. Following this was the report of nominations made by the Executive Committee of returning officers and tellers for the ballot voting. Then came the reading of the report of the National Executive Committee, at the conclusion of which the presidential address was delivered by Lady Henry Somerset, president of the Association.

The edifice was crowded with delegates and auditors, chiefly women, who manifested the greatest interest in Lady Somerset's remarks, especially her allusions to the growth of the Women's Temperance movement. Brief speeches were also made by Miss Francis E. Willard, Miss Eva McLaren and Mesdames Auckland, Pearsall, Smith, Ward, Poole, and Chail.

Miss Willard, in the course of her remarks, said that a large number of adhesions to the women's movement had been made in Belgium, a country which had hitherto shown the least sympathy with the cause of temperance.

INCENDIARY FIRE

At Greenville, Ohio—Loss $225,000—Insurance $50,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GREENVILLE, June 17.—Fire started at 1.30 last night in the rear of Mozart's store. The flames quickly spread to adjoining buildings and soon the very heart of the business centre was a blaze. The fire was the work of incendiaries and in the excitement thieves looted the town. Two ineffectual attempts were made to set fire to buildings in different parts of the city. Two persons were injured. They are Charles Dalyrimple, of the Mozart's store, and Dell Daugherty, a member of the city fire department. The latter's injuries are on the head and are of a serious nature. The Piqua and Richmond fire departments were appealed to and sent aid, but the fire was under control when it arrived. The estimated loss will reach $225,000, Insurance $50,000.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 4; Cincinnati, 2.

New York—New York, 7; Louisville, 6.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 2; Pittsburg, 5.

Boston—First game—Boston, 9; Cleveland, 10. Second game—Boston, 9; Cleveland, 7.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 13; St. Louis, 5.

Washington—Washington, 7; Chicago, 10.

Roanoke—Roanoke, 6; Norfolk, 11.

Atlanta—Atlanta, 5; Chattanooga, 2.

Montgomery—Montgomery, 5; New Orleans, 2.

Portsmouth—Portsmouth, 8; Richmond, 7.

Little Rock—Little Rock, 11; Memphis, 6.

Lynchburg—Lynchburg, 5; Petersburg, 5. (Called at end of 9th inning on account of darkness.)

TEACHERS' ASSEMBLY

Opened Yesterday at Morehead City with a Large Attendance.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 17.—A special to the *News and Observer*, from Morehead City, N. C., says: The Teachers' Assembly opened with a good crowd in attendance. This will be the largest session in several years. The regular work begins on Wednesday.

There are persons here attending the Assembly from several Northern States, and some of them are making handsome educational exhibits, which are very valuable and instructive to teachers.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Seaside Athletic Club officials of Brooklyn announced yesterday that the Choynski-Hall fight had been postponed until next Saturday night.

A fire broke out in Cleveland, Ohio, last night. The court house, jail and lyceum were in danger, and the firemen seemed to make little headway.

In view of the fact that there is no law against glove fighting in the State of Texas, a movement is under foot to persuade Gov. Culberson to call an extra session of the Legislature, and declare prize fighting illegal.

The Mississippi Railroad Commission has at the instance of State Revenue Agent Adams decided to bring suit against the Mississippi Valley Railroad Co., now the Illinois Central, for back taxes, amounting to about $35,000.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

WAGES INCREASED

By Manufacturing Companies in Cleveland, Ohio.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, June 17.—Notice of a ten per cent. increase in wages was posted in the works of the National Malleable Castings Company to-day. The action was a voluntary one on the part of the company and was taken because of the improvement in business. The Eberhard Manufacturing Company took similar action. Said Vice-President Wm. P. Coopney, of the Eberhard Company: "When business was dull we were obliged to make a reduction. Matters are brighter now, and it is no more than proper that the men should be given advantage of the situation." The Eberhard Company employs 1,100 men and the National Company 900. Other manufacturing firms are considering the question of advancing wages.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Salesman wanted to sell the Rapid Dish Washer to the wholesale and retail trade. Washes and dries the dishes in two minutes without wetting the fingers, $75 a week and all expenses. Easy position; no hard work; can make $100 a week. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. June 18 6t

Lost—Anyone finding a stray, green Parrot, will kindly return him to 510 Eighth street and receive reward. Je 16 tf

Wanted—By an experienced accountant, a set of books to keep in extra time. Accounts collected on commission. References furnished. Accountant, care Star office. 1t*

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c2t

Butter for 15c. per pound. Best in the city for the price. Groceries of all kinds at lowest prices. Neil McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c2t

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store, 211 Market street. 1c2t

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 620 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. 2t

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c2t

A GREAT STOCK —AT— FISHBLATE'S One Price Clothing House.

Men's All-wool Suits,

Sewed with Silk, $5, up.

Children's Sailor Suits, $1.00.

Children's All-wool Suits, $1 up.

It is not our aim, nor has it ever been, to sell cheap Clothing.

If there is one thing we do avoid, it is "Shoddy Goods."

If you buy from us, remember—"Your money back if you want it."

S. H. FISHBLATE,

King Clothier.

may 26 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

Smoked Shoulders.

10 boxes Smoked Shoulders.

25 bales Fodder, nice for Milch Cows and Dray Horses.

Also other goods in my line.

D. L. GORE,

120, 122 & 124 Water street,

Wilmington, N. C.

June 16 tf

One Week

During this entire week we will offer some

Special Bargains.

It will pay you to examine them. These offers hold good during the entire week.

All French Woven

Corsets,

Including the following brands:

Clara, Fifth Avenue,

Diamond, Bridal,

Common Sense,

"Warner's "333" and

Warner's Health

at 50 cents each THIS WEEK.

All Remnants

AT HALF PRICE, including everything in Remnants.

One Lot Pure Castile Soap,

Three Cakes for 5 cts.

One Lot Bixby's Shoe Polish.

5c bottle worth 10c.

We are selling a good

Machine Cotton for 2 1-2 cts

a spool, Alex. King's soft finish Cotton.

The prettiest line of

Dimities, Jaconet,

Lawns, Fancy Batiste, Imported Ginghams

in the city.

One Lot Gent's 25c Half Hose,

in Black and Tan at 15c a pair.

Examine them.

A New Lot Percale 36-Inch Wide

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

June 16 tf

Things We Understand,

And Things We Do Not Understand.

The Depositor in the

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Does not understand how the decline in price of silver since 1873 caused the price of cotton to decline, when the price of cotton declined more rapidly for several years before '73 (when silver did not decline materially) than after '73, and was lower several years before the war than at present, though silver was twice as high at that time as it is at present. The same depositor does understand that his money in the

Wilmington Savings & Trust Co

draws interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly. He is therefore provided with a good Umbrella when the "rainy day" comes.

—THE—

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

Has the largest capital of any strictly Savings Bank in North Carolina, and is fortified with a good percentage of surplus for the protection of depositors. This Bank invites investigation, and wishes to see every mechanic, wage-earner, salaried man and all others, keep a Savings Bank account and save something each week. June 5 tf

Foreclosure Sale.

BY Virtue of the provisions of a certain mortgage deed made by Lucy Page to the North Carolina Home Building Association on the 23d day of January, 1894, and duly registered in Book No. 12, page 164, of the Records of New Hanover County, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, on Wednesday, the 3d day of July, 1895, at 12 o'clock m., at the Court House door, in the City of Wilmington, N. C., the following-described lot situate in said city, to-wit:

That lot beginning at the Southeastern intersection of Seventh street and Campbell street, runs thence east with the Southern line of Campbell street 66 feet; thence south parallel with Seventh street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Campbell street 66 feet, thence with the eastern line of Seventh street 66 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 1, block 228.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr.,
June 11th, 1895. Attorney for Mortgagee. June 18 10t

Wanted.

A FEW BOARDERS in private family at Ocean View. Also will rent my furnished house in town reasonably, from June 1st to October 1st. Apply 123 South Fourth street. my 8 tf

TIVOLI

Hofbrau

Export Lager.

Sold in Crown Cork Bottles Only.

Brewed from the

Best Bavarian Hops

—AND—

Canadian Barley Malt.

FINE HOP FLAVOR.

A delicious beverage for the

Family Table.

And an Excellent Tonic for the

WEAK AND NERVOUS.

Read this Testimonial

From Dr. Wm. H. Taylor, State Chemist and Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology, Medical College of Virginia.

LABORATORY OF STATE ASSAYER AND CHEMIST, RICHMOND, VA., MAY 2, 1895.

I have analyzed the Tivoli Hofbrau Beer, manufactured by the Robert Portner Brewing Company, of Alexandria, Va., and find that it is pure and, in all respects, of excellent quality. It is unexceptionable as a beverage, and I recommend it especially for medicinal use.

Wm. H. Taylor, M. D.,
State Assayer and Chemist.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

Robert Portner Brewing Company.

OTTO BANCK, Agent,

June 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

MERCER & GAYLORD

ARE GIVING

Bargains

That will Astonish you more than Ever Before.

ALTHOUGH the advance in Leather and Shoes continues all over this land and country, especially at the great manufacturing centers, we had bought out the entire Shoe Stock of H. C. Evans, 115 Princess street, and had placed contracts with manufacturers at old prices, before the rise began, which enables us to hold the prices down, within easy reach of all classes, for some time to come.

We come as near fitting the fancy, the foot and the pocket, as any Shoe Store in the land, when the above three essentials must be met in one fit.

It is useless for us to devote much of this space in quoting prices, but we urge you to call at our place and see the Bargains as they are.

We have Baby Shoes, yet, which are going at 10c per pair. Some Ladies' Button and Lace at 50c. Some Ladies' and Misses' Slippers at 25c. (yes, leather, at that). Women's Web Slippers at 10c. Men's Calf Boots at $1.50. Men's Heavy Boots at $1.25—and many lots of other goods in like proportion.

We cordially invite you to examine our stock, and respectfully solicit your patronage.

Mercer & Gaylord,

115 Princess Street.

H. C. Evans' Old Stand. je 2 tf

J. W. Norwood, President. W. J. Toomer, Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Liberal Loans made on approved security at lowest rates to non-resident as well as resident customers.

Direct correspondents at every banking town having considerable dealing with Wilmington.

No interest paid on deposits.

Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited.

Promptness, Accuracy and Safety guaranteed.

	May 7, '93.	May 7, '94.	May 7, '95.
Surplus & Net Profits,	$11,450	$28,994	$40,241
Premium on U.S. Bonds'	4,453	1,076	None.
Banking House, &c.,	15,600	15,600	13,600

Dividends paid from May 7th, 1893, to May 7th, 1894,—8 per cent.

Dividends paid from May 7th, 1894, to May 7th, 1895—6 per cent.

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1892.

may 26 tf

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

For Rent.

SUMMER COTTAGES,

At Carolina Beach.

Apply to my29 tf D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate agent.

THE CAROLINA MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Company,

of Charlotte, N. C.

The CAROLINA MUTUAL is a strong NORTH CAROLINA Company. It is, however, a stock company, and issues absolutely non-participating and non-assessable policies. Its mutual feature consists in a charter provision, that one-third of its directors must be POLICY-HOLDERS who are NOT stockholders elected by the POLICY-HOLDERS; this is a very strong point, the policy-holders who have great interests at stake, have a share in the management of the Company and will always know its condition. Better than this, the CAROLINA MUTUAL deposits all premiums received at this agency to their credit with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY. This makes it practically a local company. The directors of the company are:

P. M. BROWN,
Of Brown, Weddington & Co., Wholesale Hardware.

E. B. SPRINGS,
Of E. B. Springs & Co., Fertilizers and Wagons.

M. P. PEGRAM,
Cash'r First Nat'l Bank of Charlotte.

B. D. HEATH,
Of Heath Brothers, Bankers.

SAM'L E. WHITE,
President Fort Mill Man'f'g Co.

A. C. SUMMERVILLE,
Lumber and Real Estate.

J. T. ANTHONY,
Wholesale Provisions and Grain.

JOHN W. MILLER,
Real Estate and Cotton Broker.

HERIOT CLARKSON,
Of Clarkson & Duls, Att'ys-at-Law.

These gentlemen stand among the wealthiest and most successful business men of North Carolina, and their names are a guarantee of the Company's honesty, conservatism and success. We heartily recommend the Company to the property owners of Wilmington. We also represent other good companies, and do a general insurance business. Come to see us.

STEDMAN & WORTH,

Resident Agents.

je 9 tf

$91.25.

A Yearly Annuity

Paid to any person using the

New Improved No. 9

Wheeler & Wilson

Sewing Machine

HOW?

By the amount it will save you in your yearly Sewing expenditures.

If you save 25c per day, it will save you $91.25 per year.

Terms easy—$5 first payment, and $3 each subsequent month.

Katz & Polvogt,

Sole agents Wheeler A Wilson Sewing Machine.

may 13 tf

Going, Going, Gone.

Some things we are going to do and others that we ain't goin' to do.

WE ARE GOING

To try to sell to every man, woman and child in Wilmington.

WE AIN'T GOIN'

To dispense or sell stale or cheap stuff, because we can't; we don't carry such in stock.

WE ARE GOIN'

To do as we have done heretofore, dispense and sell only the best goods. If you want CHEAP Medicine don't come to us please, we don't want your trade.

WE AIN'T GOIN'

To charge you high prices because we have you by the neck (so to speak). We try not to abuse a confidence placed in us, and consequently charge only reasonable prices.

WE ARE GOIN'

To shut down on those who do not pay up promptly.

WE AIN'T GOIN'

To run the drug business for the benefit of cash beats and make good customers pay for it.

WE ARE GOIN'

To do a larger business (with your help) this year than ever before.

It is a GONE conclusion that

Bunting's Pharmacy

Is the place to purchase your drugs, &c. my 26 tf

Robert R. Bellamy & Co.

Wholesale and Retail

Druggists

N. E. Cor. Front & Market sts.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Drugs, Chemicals AND Pharmaceutical Preparations.

Proprietary Medicines, Druggist's Sundries, etc., etc.

City and Country patronage solicited.

may 7 3m

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

House and Shop.

FOR RENT.—Dwelling and Shop at northeast corner of Tenth and Princess streets. Everything in excellent repair.

Ap 25 tf to D. O'CONNOR.